12 PAGES

Victoria Daily Times.

USE LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE AT COCHRANE & HUNN'S

VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1892. NO. 83

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CLOSING OUT SALE

SCOTCH HOUSE

No. 31 Fort Street

COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 28.

The entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will be sold at cost for cash, as the business must be closed out at an early date.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED

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Dated the 25th March, 1892. mh26-tf

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IN PLAIN AND FANCY MATERIALS.

Two Cases FANCY DRESS GOODS

Two Cases All-Wool Henriettas and Silk-Warp Henriettas

IN ALL THE LEADING SHADES.

A SPECIAL Importation of TRIMMINGS Direct from Paris.

NEW - SPRING - JACKETS

We are showing the Finest Line of Spring Jackets ever imported to the Province. These garments, direct from the manufacturer and made specially to our order, are all stylish, high-grade, finely-finished goods. We invite inspection.

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Miss Morrison, of Montreal,

has arrived and taken charge of this department. She will maintain our reputation for high-class work.

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CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared, Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties. We have secured the services of Mr. R. H. Cavill, formerly of Swansea, where he was for five years connected with the Swansea Smelter. Mr. Cavill's practical experience as manager for the past 17 years, in some of the foremost mines and mills in California, Arizona, Mexico and Central America, together with his Swansea experience, gives him a thorough knowledge of the treatment and best methods of working refractory ores.

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SWEPT BY FURIOUS STORMS

The Telegraph Wires in Several States Prostrated by Yesterday's Storms.

Thirty-One Persons Killed and Over One Hundred Seriously Injured.

Marion Dudley the Poetess Confined in a Mad House Although Perfectly Sane.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Reports of yesterday's storm show it to have been the most general as to extent of territory for many years. The states of Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Texas and Indiana were swept by a furious storm of wind, rain and hail, in some places rising to the force of a tornado, and nowhere falling below the danger line of velocity. Owing to the general prostration of the telegraph lines the full extent of the loss of life and property will not be known for several days to come, but the facts at hand show that the known fatalities reach 31, while the list of injured is 105. Of the latter class a large proportion will be added to the death roll, as the injuries in many cases are so serious as to render them probably fatal. The loss in the way of property, buildings, stock and fences cannot as yet be even surmised, but there can be no doubt that when all reports are in the figures will reach well up to a million.

DENVER, Col., April 2.—So far as telegraphic communication is concerned this town was practically cut off from the east and south for 48 hours by the storm which raged over the plains of Kansas and Nebraska. Business messages were transmitted, subject to delay, via San Francisco, Portland and St. Paul to eastern points. But the newspapers were the greatest sufferers from lack of wires. The United Press was fortunate enough to have a circuit in working order during the entire period, and the Republican, which is served by that organization, was the only paper which published full telegraphic reports.

A Sane Woman Sent to a Mad House.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 2.—For some time it has been quietly talked of among the friends of Marion V. Dudley, the poetess, that she was consigned to an insane asylum without proper examination. Yesterday the state board of control met in this city and it was said that members came for the purpose of investigating complaints made by Mrs. Dudley herself with regard to her confinement in the mad house. She claims perfect ability to care for herself and alleges she was committed with the object of giving to other people the control of her property which is said to be valued at $10,000. The complaint as to the mental condition of Mrs. Dudley was made by her aged husband last January, and after a private examination by physicians she was committed to a private asylum without a jury trial and without an opportunity to be heard in her own behalf.

Escaped From Gaol.

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., April 2.—Fifteen or sixteen prisoners confined in the county gaol escaped last night through a 20-inch wall of brick and wood. Two Americans confined in a cell where the hole was cut did all the work, which occupied two weeks' time. All the prisoners were awaiting the action of the grand jury, which is to convene in May. The "trusty" who locks the prisoners in their cells didn't turn the keys in the locks, although he pretended to do so, and when the word was given they slipped out and went through the hole. A common tablespoon and a piece of wire were all the tools the men had. Rewards are offered for their capture, but nothing has been heard of them. Officers are scouring the country in all directions.

Wealthy Dutch Immigrants.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A large party of rich Hollanders arrived on the steamer Rotterdam from Potsdam yesterday. They have come to settle in Iowa and California, where several Dutch colonies are doing prosperously. The new comers are all well known men in their own country. Their names are Leo Heidring, L. Vanleeneven, Elbert Vandershoor, Debar Marten, Vanhor Wonde, Mr. and Mrs. H. Van Woudenberg and six young Van Woudenbergs. They were 12 days on their trip across. They had fine weather all the way.

U. S. Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Lieut. Commander A. J. Iverson, has been ordered to duty in charge of the nitro depot at Malden, Mass., to relieve Lieut. Commander Wm. A. Morgan, ordered to the navy board at Pensacola, Florida. Inspector W. Woods has been detached from the U.S.S. Pensacola and placed in charge of the naval hospital at Mare island, California, relieving medical director N. E. Bates, ordered home and placed on waiting orders. Lieut. C. R. Rogers is detached from duty in the office of naval intelligence and granted leave of absence for six months.

Opposition to the Sugar Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—The opposition which has developed among the wholesale grocers, sugar brokers and others in this city to the absorption by the sugar combination of the three sugar refineries of this city has crystalized into a movement to make a fight in Congress against the trust. The first step will be the introduction of a bill in the House to repeal the duty of one-half a cent on refined sugars, which, it is claimed, serves no other purpose now, since there is but one interest, but to allow the trust to control the prices absolutely of both refined and raw sugars. An effort has been made to build a new independent refinery, but the projectors have found it rather difficult to secure subscriptions to the stock of the enterprise, on account of the well known methods of hostility employed by the trust to crush out rivals.

BISHOP LEMMENS.

Sketch of His Life----Schooled as a Missionary on the West Coast.

The Right Reverend John Nicholas Lemmens was born on the 3rd of June, 1850, at Schimmert, in the province of

Limburg, Holland. After receiving an elementary education in his native village, he began his classical studies in the college of Herne, Belgium, and finished them at the seminary of Bolduc, Holland, carrying off first honors. Having decided to adopt a missionary life, he entered the American college of Louvain, Belgium, where he completed his theological studies. He was ordained a priest in March, 1875, at Brussels by Mgr. Catani, who has since become a cardinal. In company with Father Nicolaye, he landed at Victoria on the 21st August, 1876, when his experience as a missionary among the Indians almost immediately commenced. He was first appointed to Nanaimo, visiting the Indian tribes on the north of the Island. In 1882 he was appointed rector of the cathedral in Victoria, and in 1883 was sent with Father Nicolaye to the northwest coast of Vancouver Island to engage in Indian missionary work. In 1884, Father Lemmens represented the See of Vancouver Island at the Third Plenary Council held at Baltimore, at the close of which he visited his parents in Europe, returning again in the spring of 1885. When Archbiscop Seghers was murdered on the Yukon, the clergy of the diocese were unanimous in their option for Father Lemmens, who was appointed Bishop. As a scholar, a theologian, and an administrator, Bishop Lemmens has proved a worthy successor of his lamented predecessor. His intimate knowledge of the Indian character and languages, has made him conversant with the requirements of the missions under his charge. The erection of the magnificent cathedral, now about completed, is due almost entirely to the energy and executive ability of Bishop Lemmens.

Mother and Child Killed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 2.—A fire this morning in the millinery store of Misses McCarthy, South Main street, spread rapidly to E. A. Kipple's sporting goods store adjoining. Mrs. E. Asby, a sister of Kipple, who lived above the store, escaped to the street but forgot her 5-year-old daughter asleep in a room. She rushed back, got the child and was returning when several kegs of powder exploded, killing her and her child. Loss, $10,000.

Fatal Tornado.

TOPEKA, Kansas, April 2.—Seven people were killed and over a dozen badly injured by a tornado on Thursday night, in the little town of Wamego. The storm levelled the house of Albert Eggers, and carried the inmates 200 feet. The body of Mrs. Eggers was found at a considerable distance from the ruins of the home.

The Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, April 2.—The bank statement to-day is slightly favorable. Following were the changes: Reserve, increase, $10,525; loans, decrease, $675,800; legal tender, decrease, $1,083,600; deposits, decrease, $1,678,300; circulation, decrease, $31,300. The banks now hold $18,017,950, in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent.

A Murderer Captured.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 2.—Sheriff Ellis followed Shaw who murdered his mother and his aunt to Galveston and captured him there. Shaw was too drunk to give an account of himself. His underclothes were covered with blood as though done with his hands in changing his clothes. There is little doubt about his guilt.

Utah Republicans.

PROVOST CITY, Utah, April 2.—The Republican territorial convention met here yesterday. Four hundred delegates representing 24 counties, were in attendance. Only delegates favorable to the re-nomination of Harrison, and with no second choice, were elected to the national convention.

Paying for the War Ships.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Secretary of the Navy to-day made the seventh payment out of thirty of $96,884 on the battle ship Oregon to the Union Works of San Francisco, and 17th payment out of 20 of $11,250 on the practice ship to S. L. Moore, Sons Co., of Elizabethport, N.J.

Free Wool

WASHINGEON, April 2.—After all the routine business, the house to-day went into committee of the whole on the free wool bill, McKinley speaking in favor of the measure. Burrows followed in opposition. This closed the debate.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

VENEZUELAN TROUBLES.

The Government Troops Repulsed by the Revolutionary Force at Ortis.

An Important Advantage Thus Gained by the President's Opponents.

Causes of the Outbreak----President Palacio's Dissolution of Congress.

CARACAS, April 2.—The government troops commanded by General Rodriguez have been repulsed near Ortis. They met the forces that were marching from Orinoco to reinforce General Crespo, the leader of the revolutionists. There was a sharp engagement, in which General Rodriguez was compelled to retreat, although the loss on either side was not heavy. The revolutionists occupied Ortis, a town of 7500, in the state of Inguaraico, and then began an advance on Cura, a city of 10,000 inhabitants, 60 miles southwest of Caracas. The success at Ortis was followed by the seizure of the National gunboat Neuve de Julio, which was stationed at Esmeralda on the Orinoco River. This success gives the revolutionists command of the upper end of the river and will be a great advantage in future operations. News of his reverse has greatly depressed the followers of President Palacio, who continues his dictatorial course. Advices from Merida, the capital of the state of Guzman, and from the state of Zumona show that the people are enlisting in great numbers under the banner of Gen. Grespo. Gen. Aranjo has an organized force of 3000 at Lerino and is preparing to join the troops under the revolutionary leader. Gen. Balista is marching from Zalaras with 1000 soldiers to fight for the revolution. President Palacio hold [illegible] preme power in Caracas. He [illegible] formed Congress that he [illegible] resign the moment a [illegible] was elected. A centrali[illegible] of Government has been [illegible] under the new constitution w[illegible] been ratified by the States. The [illegible]ident thus named was under Palac[illegible] decree to be the first under the new constitution, and was to be ineligible to re-election. These terms were not accepted. When news of this refusal was taken to Palacio he issued a decree dissolving Congress, and sent troops to arrest the members who refused to bow to his will. Senators and deputies fled when Palacio's soldiers marched in the halls of Congress, evidently fearing a repetition of the scenes when Congress was forcibly dissolved in 1848. Palacio's soldiers pursued the fleeting members. Many private citizens who were known to be in sympathy with the offending senators were arrested and they too are now in jail. The dissolution of congress and arrest of members caused tremendous excitement throughout the city. These who had shown sympathy with the opposition sought places of refuge. Foreign commercial houses are closed through fear of personal violence and loss of property and a financial panic has followed. A raid was made on the Bank of Venezuela where the Government has deposits amounting to 4,000,000. Paper money is depreciating and a great distress is threatened.

The Joint Debate Proposal.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., April 2.—The proposition to have a joint debate between Governor McKinley, ex-Speaker Reed, ex-President Cleveland and ex-Governor Campbell, was rejected by the Democrats in the following communication:

Hon. A. A. Goodwin, Chairman Republican State Central Committee:

I am just in receipt of your reply to the invitation of the Democratic state central committee to a joint debate of the tariff question between Governor McKinley and ex-Governor Campbell. It is to be regretted that your reply consists of an evasive proposition and substantially ignores the invitation to a joint debate between Governor McKinley and ex-Governor Campbell at another time. Your exceedingly ingenious suggestion that ex-President Cleveland abandon the meeting and reception prepared for him and debate his well-known views on the silver question with Governor McKinley and ex-Speaker Reed raises the serious question at these headquarters as to whether you have authority to place these distinguished gentlemen of your party in opposition to ex-President Cleveland on the silver question. As your only reply to our distinct proposition is a suggestion too absurd for serious notice, I will say that if you see fit to consider, ex-Governor Campbell will be ready to meet Governor McKinley on Saturday night, provided our invitation is accepted by four o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

(Signed) F. F. OWEN.

Railway Tie-up Threatened.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A special to the World from Elmira, N.Y., says: It is rumored that there is to be a tie-up on the Delaware, Lackawana & Western Railway unless the company agrees within a few days to a uniform scale of wages. The determination to strike was arrived at, it is said, after a number of meetings held by the brotherhoods of engineers, firemen and brakemen. A list of grievances was drawn up and forwarded to General Manager Halstead, who, it is said, has agreed to consider the complaint and report the company's decision not later than 10 days from the receipt of the document.

The Western Union's Suit.

SEATTLE, April 1.—Judge Hanford, of the United States court, yesterday heard a motion to dismiss a temporary injunction granted about four weeks ago in the case of the Pacific Postal Telegraph company against the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railway as defendant and the Western Union as intervenor. The suit was brought to enjoin the railroad from allowing the Western Union to stretch wires between Woodinville junction and Sedro. The plaintiff based its case on a contract it had with the West Coast Railroad company to the effect that it should have the exclusive franchise for telegraph lines on all roads then owned or that might be acquired by the railroad. Afterwards the road was sold to the Lake Shore, which extended its line and granted an exclusive franchise to the Western Union. Under this franchise the Western Union began the construction of telegraph lines along the road acquired by the West Coast company. The motion to dissolve the temporary injunction was brought by the Western Union on the ground that a hardship was being placed upon it by having to stop in the midst of its work. Judge Hanford took the motion under advisement.

Tupper's Twaddle.

MONTREAL, April 1.—A special cable to the Star, says: Sir Charles Tupper replies in the Nineteenth Century to the criticisms of the Imperial Federation scheme. He re affirms the necessity of colonial agents here having the freest contact with the members of the Imperial Cabinet, and warmly defends Canada from the aspersions cast upon her by those who declare she is now taking a fair share of the burdens of the Empire. Sir Charles elaborates a plan of preferential trade throughout the Empire. He denies that the United States can further retaliate to the lasting injury of Canada, and says the Republic already does its worst commercially against both Canada and England. He believes the whole question has forced itself upon public attention here.

The Paris Dynamitards.

PARIS, April 2.—It was thought the arrest of Ravachol and his accomplices would put an end to the work of the Anarchists, but it appears from a discovery made this morning that the police have not succeeded in capturing all the dangerous men of that party. The occupants of a house on the Boulevard Strasburg were startled this morning on being informed that the [illegible]rgerie had found a dynamite [illegible] in front of the house. The [illegible] at once notified.

[illegible]n in Hamburg.

[illegible] A fire broke out [illegible] house and the [illegible] great [illegible] parts of the [illegible] the conflagr[illegible]

The burn[illegible] house to-day, [illegible] to 3,000,000 mar[illegible] was full of coffee, cot[illegible] the fire raged with a fi[illegible] equalled in this city. All effo[illegible] due the flames were vain, and [illegible] only by the greatest energy that [illegible] firemen prevented the conflagration from spreading.

A Serious Joke.

BROOKLYN, N.Y., April 2.—A small torpedo or tin can filled with powder exploded at 12:45 this morning in front of the house of Carl L. Recnagle, 45 Willow street. Many panes of glass in near-by windows were shattered, but no one was injured. Many theories are afloat as to the cause, but the police seem to treat the matter as an April fool joke.

Charged With Polygamy.

NEW YORK, April 2.—The first warrant for polygamy ever issued in this county was returned in the Tombs police court this morning. The document called for the arrest of James Taylor, alias Franklin Brown, the man who married 61 women for the purpose, it is said, of securing their wealth. Taylor was held for examination.

A Promotion.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Commandant Henry Eben, of Brooklyn navy yard, was promoted to the rank of rear-admiral to day. He has been in the service nearly 40 years. He will reach the age limit of 62 in 1894, when he will be obliged to retire.

Badly Advised.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Department of State is advised that at present there are seventy Canadian seal poachers in Behring Sea against 51 at this time last year.

VANCOUVER NEWS.

Thompson's Case---Revenue Returns---Sporting Matters.

VANCOUVER, April 2.—Tupper Thompson has been committed to stand his trial on the charge of seduction.

The bicycle club held its annual meeting last night and elected officers. The editors of the papers are made patrons. There are now 55 members.

Bailey's furniture factory on Westminster avenue came within an ace of burning down last night. The shavings took fire which was fortunately put out before it spread.

Custom returns last month were $26,184, a slight decrease over the corresponding returns last year. Inland revenue $7933, nearly double the same month of '91.

J. M. Bowell, Frank Bodwell, G. M. Callender and D. S. Wallbridge have gone to Seattle to attend a meeting of the Northwest Pacific Association of amateur oarsmen.

The Quadra Arrives.

The Dominion Government steamer Quadra, Captain Gaudin, arrived from Nanaimo this afternoon in answer to a telegram sent by Captain Lewis of the marine department, for him to return to Victoria to get instructions in regard to the investigation of the reported wrecks on the west coast. The Quadra was at New Castle Island getting stone for buoy anchors when the telegram reached Nanaimo, so that it was late when Capt. Gaudin received it. She will be ready to go up the west coast to-morrow. More wreckage has been reported on the west coast and the Quadra will make a careful investigation.

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The Crofters Bill Passed---Its Twin, the Deep Sea Fisheries, Will Come Later.

The Evening Session Devoted to Committee and General Routine Business.

FRIDAY, April 1st, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at two o'clock.

Col. Baker, chairman of the select committee to inquire into the cancellation of Mr. J. P. McLeod's certificate presented majority and minority reports found in another column.

Mr. Martin objected to the House receiving the minority report. Bourinot clearly said that minority reports could not be received.

Mr. Beaven stated that the practice of the House for many years had been to receive minority reports. Hon. Mr. Pooley had decided that the chairman of the committee must present the report, but not that the voice of the minority must not be heard. Bourinot was not recognized as an authority by the House. He did not think it would be fair to say the voice of the minority should not be heard.

Col. Baker thought if the minority report were allowed all sorts of resolutions would be brought up in committees for the purpose of political capical. The House should amend its rules and orders to do away with minority reports.

Hon. Mr. Robson did not think it was the rule in any other house to receive Minority reports. The conclusion of the majority should be accepted as the finding of the committee. There was no practical utility in submitting such reports and allowing them to be received, it held out a premium for political contention and clap trap. The principle was wrong and contrary to the principle of government by majorities.

Mr. Semlin was surprised at the Premier. First he insisted that the Government should have a majority on all crown matters, and then insisted that the views of this majority alone must be heard. This would not be voicing the House at all, and would mean that any matter the Government did not wish to investigate, all it would have to do would be to ask the majority of its supporters in the committee to bring in a certain report, and the report would br forthcoming.

Mr. Cotton claimed that the minority report should be received. It was according to the rules of the House, and this system was also adopted by the English courts. The committee did not express opinions, but merely stated the facts.

Hon. Mr. Robson said he would agree with Mr. Cotton on this point, and complimented the minority on their report.

Both reports were received and ordered to be printed.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Hon. Mr. Robson rose to a question of privilege. He complained of injustice being done him by a report in the TIMES of March 31. He did not object so much to the strange wording reading "The Honest John Enquiry. Honest John demands the report, but does not ask who wrote it;" but he did object to his being made to cast a slur on the Committee. All he complained of was delay. The reporter of the TIMES usually reported very correctly and he was satisfied on this occasion that he (the reporter) had intentionally misrepresented.

Col. Baker repudiated the idea of his accepting a suggestion as to what should be written in the report. He wrote the report without advice from anyone.

HOW ABOUT SATURDAY.

Dr. Milne asked if the House would meet on Saturday.

Hon. Mr. Robson answered that the majority of the members were in favor of sitting on Saturday and he proposed the House should sit on Saturday. He had hoped that all the work of the session would be disposed of in time to allow the Lieutenant-Governor to prorogue the House on Friday next.

Hon. Mr. Davie did not think this could be done; and was of opinion that no good would result from the House sitting on Saturday. The members were not machines and he could not do his work without proper time for thought.

Mr. Beaven thought it was outrageous to expect the Attorney-General to do his duty well if some time were not given him.

Mr. Cotton said that members had made arrangements to be in the House Saturday, and the agreement should be adhered to. The House could get along well enough without the Attorney-General.

The matter was allowed to drop for the time being.

Mr. Keith moved the following resolution:—

Whereas the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" has proven in a great measure beneficial, but in some respects defective, more especially as the fifth section permits vessels to carry one Chinese immigrant to any part of Canada for every fifty tons of its tonnage; but we are of opinion that a much larger restriction should be imposed, and fewer Chinese carried on each vessel, or their importation prohibited;

And whereas the eighth section imposes only an entrance duty of fifty dollars on every person of Chinese origin entering Canada, when five hundred dollars is in our opinion the lowest entrance duty that should be charged, if Chinese are allowed to enter Canada at all;

And whereas the fourth sub-section of the eighth section provides that the entrance duty of fifty dollars shall not apply to any Chinese person who resided or was within Canada on 1st January, 1886; and the 13th section authorizes the issuance of a certificate of leave to depart and return to Chinese who wish to leave and return to Canada; but, in our opinion, the entrance duty should apply to all Chinese other than those mentioned in sub-sections (a) and (b) of section 8, and the issuance of the mentioned certificates should be entirely abolished;

Be it therefore resolved, That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to move the Dominion Government to cause the "Chinese Immigration Act of Canada" to be made more restrictive in the manner indicated.

Mr. Keith gave statistics to show the large number of Chinese coming into the country and referred to the resolution sent to Ottawa last year which nothing more was heard of. He also showed that the system of granting return certificates to Chinamen was very unsatisfactory and that a large percentage of the Chinese who came to the province carried bogus certificates. The Chinese were detrimental to the province was generally admitted, and the House should voice itself in this matter so that it would be understood at Ottawa. There was no use trying to encourage other immigration when the country was full of Chinese.

Mr. Forster seconded the resolution maintaining that it was necessary for the House to pass such a resolution to to show the authorities at Ottawa the necessity of excluding Chinese altogether.

Mr. Booth and Hon. Mr. Robson opposed the resolution, the latter gentleman saying he would support it had it been framed with the object of preventing evasion of the law.

Mr. Croft said he favored the abolition of return certificates, and to prevent further discussion on the resolution moved the previous question.

Mr. Croft's motion carried and the resolution was put and lost on the following division.

Yeas—Messrs. McKenzie, Cotton, Kellie, Milne, Beaven, Horne, Foster, Keith, Davie, Stoddart, Fletcher, Brown—13.

Nays—Messrs. Sword, Smith, Baker, Pooley, Turner, Robson, Vernon, Martin, Eberts, Croft, Hunter, Anderson, Hall, Booth—14.

RESOLUTION AMENDED.

On motion of the Attorney-General Mr. Kellie's resolution to move the Dominion Government to grant a charter to the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway was slightly amended, the clause referring to the opposition understood to be offered to defeat the passage of the bill before the Dominion House being left out.

Mr. Beaven did not think it was necessary to obtain a charter from the Dominion Government when the Provincial Government had already granted one, and there was no need of the resolution.

INFIDELS MAY GIVE EVIDENCE.

Mr. Davies' bill to consolidate the law with regard to affidavits was adopted on report and passed its third reading.

Mr. Hunter asked if the bill would apply to those who had no religious convictions.

The attorney-general answered in the affirmative. Heretofore a person having no religious convictions could not give evidence. The evidence of such persons could now be taken.

The House went into committee with Mr. Nason in the chair, on an act to provide an official stenographer for the Supreme and County courts. The bill was finally passed without amendments.

The Crofters' Bill was taken up in committee with Mr. Smith in the chair. The bill was reported complete with amendments.

The House went into committee with Mr. Martin in the chair, on a act to encourage deep sea fisheries.

Mr. Brown introduced an amendment to strike out 500,000 acres and insert 400 acres for each family. He said in its present condition the company could take the land whether the families came here or not.

Hon. Mr. Davie wanted to know where the money was to come from if the land was divided between the settlers.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said the money was going to be borrowed from the Imperial Government. The first thing the people knew some company would be coming here and collaring the air, and the House would have to give that company some land.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the Opposition did not know the first principles of the bill.

Mr. Milne would go further and say that 160 acres of the land should be given for each family, and let the company take the other 240 acres. As it is no one knows how little land the families may get. The scheme was simply a commercial one which the House was bringing men out to carry out, and then giving them land for doing so. They get all the profits and the country pays the expenses.

Hon. Mr. Davie said that the matter of how much land was to be given to each family would be a matter to be settled between the company and the colonists. He did not know anything about that question.

The amendment was lost on the usual division.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

The House went into committee with Mr. Smith in the chair on the Coal Mines bill, which was read a third time and passed.

The message of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor with Bill (No. 70) intituled "An Act to provide for a grant to the corporation of the city of New Westminster of certain lands in the city of Mew Westminster," was considered in committee of the whole.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said that while on this subject he would call attention to a piece of land in Victoria, at the head of James Bay. It was not valuable to the Province but would be to the city who are now filling it in. The Dominion Government had transferred their rights to the tidal lands and it would make the matter clear if the Provincial Government did the same.

Hon. Mr. Davie said the difficulty about this piece of land was that the Provincial Government's title was not clear, but the question would bear being enquired into and if possible the claim of the city recognized.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said it would be well to settle the matter while the House was in session as the city was filling in the property now.

An act to repeal the Inferior Courts Practitioners' Act and to substitute other provisions therefor was considered in committee with Mr. Hall in the chair.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

EVENIFG SESSION.

The House resumed business at 8 o'clock.

The House went into committee on the Victoria and Sydney Railway bill, Mr. Semlin in the chair. Committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Col. Baker rose to a question of privilege and said he had been misrepresented in the DAILY TIMES with regard to Scotch crofters. He was charged with depreciating the Scotch crofters and the whole race. He felt sure that the person who wrote this had no wish to misrepresent him. He wished to state that he had said the race was a very fine one, but that a few of them on one of the islands, through causes he had already given, degenerated and became thriftless. No one admired the Scotch more than he did; many of the happiest years he ever spent were passed in Scotland, and if he were not an Englishman he would wish to be a Scotchman (hear, hear and applause.) It was a mere matter of history that the people to whom he particularly referred had degenerated.

THE GAME BILL.

On the report of the Game Bill Mr. Hunter offered an amendment to section 3, that no bull wapiti, elk or moose shall be trapped, taken, killed or wounded for three years from the passing of this act.

Mr. Croft did not think that half a dozen bull moose had been killed in this country yet. There would be very little use in legislating for the protection of the wapiti if the Indians were to be allowed to kill them at discretion. These animals exist only on Vancouver Island and he could not see where the use of protective legislation could be if they were not completely protected.

Mr. Hunter said Mr. Croft was certainly mistaken about the wapiti; they were not indigenous to Vancouver Island. He had hunted them in Cassiar but was sorry to say he had never got near enough to get a good shot at them. (Laughter).

Mr. Hall said moose might as well be included as wapiti; moose were beyond the control of this Legislature. The amendment finally carried.

Mr. Croft moved in amendment that "it shall not be lawful at any time of the year to shoot any wild fowl or discharge a firearm within that part of Victoria harbor to the north of a line drawn from Shoal Point, in the city of Victoria, to Work Point, in the district of Esquimalt." Also to amend section 6 by inserting, in line two, betweed the words "pheasant" and "or," the words "willow grouse." Carried.

Mr. Hall moved to strike out clause 7 of the bill. He did not think that it was right that gentlemen who lived in the vicinity of the cities should legislate in such matters for the whole province. He had frequently spoken with regard to the exportation of deer skins. He believed one honorable gentleman had said it was iniquitous to kill Indians for their skins (laughter). He then referred pointedly to the hon. member for New Westminster city, who rose to a point of order. He wanted to know if the Honorable member for Cassiar wanted to export his skin too (laughter). Mr. Hall replied that skin and bones would not fetch a large sum. If Mr. Brown voted for this amendment he would consider that he had returned to his senses. "Now," said Mr. Hall, to return to the killing of deerskins" (laughter), "the killing of deer I mean," and the Honorable member then continued his arguments. The amendment was lost 13 to 11.

Col. Baker moved in amendment that any free miner or cattle rancher be permitted to kill game at any season of the year for their own use east of the Cascade Range. Carried.

Hon. Mr. Turner's amendment to reduce the license fee from $50 to $10 was lost, after considerable discussion.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved to add as a new section after section 26, "Notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful to export deer skins from the ports of this Province, provided that the said skins were on hand for export prior to the passage of this Act."

A lengthy debate, participated in by a majority of the House, ensued; the arguments having been before advanced on a similar question. The section carried.

Hon. Mr. Turner also moved the following: "Any person giving information leading to the conviction of any person under this Act, shall be entitled to receive one-half of any pecuniary penalty inflicted under this Act."—Carried.

The report of the bill was adopted.

COQUITLAM ELECTRIC POWER BILL.

House went into committee on the Coquitlam Electric Power Bill, Mr. Croft in the chair. A good deal of discussion took place on the question of monopoly of power companies and the extent to which their works were. Hon. Mr. Beaven thought that this bill conferred extraordinary and dangerous powers upon the company.

Col. Baker could not see the matter in this light at all. Messrs. Hunter and Cotton here had a difference of opinion. Mr. Cotton charged Mr. Hunter with using his professional knowledge to deceive the committee. Mr. Hunter retorted that Mr. Cotton employed the same cunning sophistry he used in the editorials in his paper in attempting to deceive the committee.

Mr. Brown thought it would be hard after he had laid out some fine orchard, to have some company like this come in and erect a horrible dam next it and not to its advantage.

Hon. Mr. Robson said this was exactly similiar to a request for powers to run an electric railway, and there were no such differences as the Hon. member from New Westminster attempted to introduce.

The committee rose and reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Hon. Mr. Davie asked leave to introduce an act relating to the Legislative Assembly; an act to amend the Execution Act; an act to amend the Employer's Liability Act. All read a first a first time and second reading set for Monday.

Hon. Mr. Davie asked Mr. Brown if he would have any objection to the introduction of an amendment in the Railway Act, "this shall not apply to the New Westminster Southern Railway."

Mr. Brown made an exhaustive reply stating that he was not fully informed in the matter. He knew that the New Westminster Railway Company wanted to register and come under the Act.

Hon. Mr. Davie said Mr. Brown had been made a tool of without knowing it. This company had extended its line without authority, through private lands for which compensation should have been given.

The debate on this subject was postponed.

Mr. Cotton offered a lengthy amendment to the Vancouver City bill, which was taken as read; read a first and second time and adopted. The report of the bill was then adopted, read a third time and passed.

House adjourned at 11:35 until 2 p.m. on Monday.

EDWARD ODELL.

A POISONING CASE IN HAMILTON.

A Young Man In Great Danger!

MEDICAL MEN WERE UNABLE TO SAVE HIM!

We are not often called upon to record cases of poisoning in the quiet and well-regulated city of Hamilton; but to-day we have to deal with a case which is in many ways interesting and remarkable. The case before us is not an ordinary sensational one of attempted suicide, or an effort to take life; to the public it is a matter of great moment—the story is pregnant with a great and wonderful interest to every individual and family.

The facts of this strange poisoning case given through the press of this country, will be the means of calling attention to what we believe to be a great evil—a disease that is now doing dreadful work in some of our large centres of population. We now refer to "tobacco poisoning," which at the present time is common in many of our large tobacco and cigar factories.

Mr. Edward Odell, of No. 158 Mary street, Hamilton, is a cigar maker by trade; he is a very worthy man, and highly respected by his friends and employers, and is called a first-class workman.

Some time ago Mr. Odell found that his health was not in the condition it ought to be. He found himself terribly weakened and shattered by nervousness and nervous debility. He naturally became anxious and troubled, and for a time wondered why he was so weak and broken-down. The truth dawned upon him with startling force that he was suffering from "tobacco poisoning."

Mr. Odell being a man of decision, and always avoiding procrastination, decided to consult the best medical talent. He did this quickly, and informs us that he was treated by several physicians, but received no benefit. Weeks of this treatment was followed, and Mr. Odell still suffered, the poison was permeating his whole system, and his life was in positive danger.

At this crisis, Mr. Odell, was fortunately advised to use that unfailing remedy of nature—Paine's Celery Compound. Without delay or questioning, he sent to his druggist and procured what afterwards proved to be his rescuer and renewer. Mr. Odell, for the benefit of other sufferers, and to mark his appreciation of the remedy which gave him his present good health, writes as follows:—

"Having been entirely cured of nervousness by your Paine's Celery Compound, I would like to say a few words for it. For nearly six months I was afflicted with nervous debility. I tried all the medical men, but received no benefit. Having heard of your remedy, I bought three bottles from Fred H. Yapp, here, and used the Compound, and now feel as well as ever before. I give you this testimony heartily, as I consider I owe my good health to your remedy.

EDWARD ODELL."

"P.S.—My whole trouble arose from tobacco poisoning."

"This is to certify that I am acquainted with Mr. Odell, of Flynn Bros., cigar makers; and can verify all the statements he makes in his testimonial.

FRED H. YAPP,
Druggist, Hamilton, Ont."

This wonderful and rapid cure effected by Paine's Celery Compound, after the doctors failed, is just the kind of work that is being done every day in all parts of Canada, when this remedy is used. Who can doubt the truth of the marvellous cure and rescue which we have just recorded? Mr. Odell is well known, and we are sure will be pleased to satisfy all inquirers. Then we have the confirming statement of Mr. Yapp, one of Hamilton's best known druggists. All of these strong evidences of honesty and truth should lead all doubters who suffer to begin at once with Paine's Celery Compound if they are nervous, weak, sleepless, dyspeptic, or broken down in health and strenth. It will cure you, reader, and give you the new life you are so anxiously desiring.

Do you feel tired and worn out? Is life a burden to you? Are your cheeks pale and sallow? If so, try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will feel like a new person. They never fail. Good for both sexes, young and old.

Eastern Prices.

D. Campbell & Co., the Government street tailors, are now making suits at a very small margin over eastern prices. Gentlemen do not need to send east for clothing any longer. Call at 88 Government street and verify this statement. Help to build up the business of Victoria *

British Columbia Business College, 43 Government street. Business penmanship, book-keeping, arithmetic, typewriting. Latest and best methods. Class for ladies. Call and see specimens. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work befor placing your orders.

Three complete lines of fine cut bar glassware at Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Special Montreal Advertisements.

STEEL RAILS (New & Best Seconds.)
CEMENT, WASTE, STEEL & IRON FILES, ETC. ETC.
WALTER TOWNSEND,
MONTREAL,
AGENT FOR BOLLING & LOWE, LONDON, ENG.

MOTHERS Ask for and see that you get
Dawson's Chocolate Creams,
25c. PER BOX at all Druggists the Great Worm Remedy,
Being in the Form of a
CHOCOLATE CREAM Children never refuse them.

PRODUCTS OF THE
GRANDE CHARTREUSE
Liquors of the Convent and Elixirs.
Gen'l Agency & Depot
Cie. Gen'le des Bazars.
Selling Agents,
C. A. Chouillou & Cie.
12 & 14 ST. JOHN ST.
Beware of imitations.

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.
TRADE MARK
CELEBRATED CUTLERY
AGENTS
JAS. HUTTON & Co. MONTREAL & TORONTO.

WHEN YOU GO
into town, make a point of seeing the new styles of
"HEALTH BRAND"
undervests (which are for sale by every first-class Dry Goods house) for Spring and Summer wear.

If you want to keep well and delightfully cool, and also wear the very best article of the kind that has ever been made, you will buy no other.

STANLEY HOUSE
FAMILY DRY GOODS.
Corner of Broad and Yates Streets.

We have a very large assortment of

TOWELS, in Turkish, Linen, etc.
QUILTS, 10-4 to 13-4, Marsailles and Honeycomb.
TABLINGS, Bleached, Unbleached and Fancy.
SHEETINGS, 7 to 10-4, in all qualities.
Etc., Etc., Etc.

All at our usual low cash prices. Don't pass the
SMALL STORE, BUT
come in and inspect our
VERY LARGE STOCK
of Dress Goods and General Dry Goods.

Bretagne Lacing, and Fernand Josephine Seamless, KID GLOVES now in stock, and **REDUCED TO $1.25 a pair.** The cheapest gloves in the Province.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
The Celebrated
CHOCOLAT MENIER
Annual Sales Exceed **33 MILLION LBS.**
For Samples sent Free, write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLOU, MONTREAL.

KASLO CITY
The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS
WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.
Call or send for further particulars.

THE LATEST STYLES IN STIFF AND CRUSH HATS. SEE THEM!
B. WILLIAMS & CO.
97 JOHNSON STREET. CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS.

THE McLEOD INVESTIGATION.

Majority and Minority Reports Submitted to the House by the Committee.

The Troublesome Latin Papers Were Carefully Destroyed by the Department.

Two reports from the committee of investigation in the McLeod case were presented to the House of Assembly yesterday. The majority report is as follows:

Mr. Speaker—Your select committee appointed to enquire into the cancellation of the certificate of Mr. McLeod, and to enquire into all the circumstances connected with the granting of temporary certificates from and inclusive of the month of July last to the present time, has the honor to report that it has taken the evidence of Mr. McLeod, and also that of Dr. Pope, the Superintendent of Education, which it herewith submits to your Honorable House. By the evidence, it appears that on June 25, 1891, Mr. McLeod visited Dr. Pope at the office of the superintendent of Education, and called his attention to the fact that in the report of the examination for promotion in the High School no marks had been allotted for the Latin papers in the third division, and that he concluded that the Superintendent of Education was the proper authority to whom he should make such a complaint. Dr. Pope received Mr. McLeod courteously, informed him that he was correct in contending that he had applied to the proper authority, and assured him that his complaint should be attended to, and that the omission of the entry of the marks for the Latin papers in question would be rectified. It then appears from the Victoria Times of June 29, under the heading, "Who is to blame?"—Some grave charges laid by Principal McLeod," that, at Mr. McLeod's request, a special meeting of the Board of School Trustees had been called, in order to hear charges which were made by that gentleman against the administration of school affairs by his superior officer, the Superintendent of Education. By section 6, sub-section 7, of the Public School Act, 1891, it is enacted that the powers of the Council of Public Instruction are, among other things, "to make and establish rules and regulations for the conduct of the public schools; to prescribe the duties of teachers, and their classification." By section 8, sub-section 5, the Superintendent of Public Instruction is empowered "to have, subject to the Council of Public Instruction, the supervision and direction of the inspectors and schools." But we find that Mr. McLeod first makes his complaint to the Superintendent of Education, thereby recognizing his authority, and that, although he was most courteously received and assured that his complaint would be attended to, he within two days, appeals to an irresponsible body, as far as school teaching is concerned, namely, the Board of School Trustees, and at a special meeting, called by his own request, lays very grave charges against his superior officer, the Superintendent of Education, which appear in the public press. We find by the evidence that neither the Superintendent of Education nor the Council of Public Instruction acted hastily in cancelling Mr. McLeod's certificate, and that it was not until some months had elapsed, and until after his persistent determination to appeal to the Board of School Trustees in contempt of his superior officer and superior court of appeal, as evidenced from the following letter from Inspector D. Wilson, that final action was taken by cancelling his certificate, viz:

VICTORIA, Dec. 16, 1891.

S. D. Pope, Esq., Supt. of Education.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to report that in compliance with your instructions I called this day at the Victoria High School and handed to the Principal, Mr. McLeod, the statements of results of the recent written examinations of the second and third divisions of the School, at the same time requesting him, in your name, to call at the Education Office for the purpose of arranging the promotions as usual. In reply to the request made, Mr. McLeod in an angry and defiant manner said "I will not call at the Education Office. If the Superintendent wishes to see me he will find me here. There is the post office if he wants to do anything with me."

Yours truly,
D. WILSON,
Inspector of Schools.

We are of opinion that Mr. McLeod's conduct was calculated to bring school discipline into discredit, and consequently to set a pernicious example to other teachers, and also to the pupils under their charge, and therefore from that fact alone it fully justified the cancellation of his certificate.

We are of opinion that it would have been more in accordance with custom if the cause of Mr. McLeod's dismissal had been stated to him in the letter which informed him of the cancellation of his certificate.

We would suggest for the consideration of the Council of Public Instruction that it might be advisable that all answers to examination papers for promotion in the High school should be kept for 12 months before they are destroyed, in order that they may be at hand for reference in case of any dispute.

In regard to the granting of temporary certificates from and inclusive of the month of July last to the present time, we find that no irregularities have taken place, and that there is nothing to call for remark in the conduct of this branch of education.

(Signed) JAMES BAKER, Chairman.
HENRY CROFT.
R. H. HALL.

MINORITY REPORT.

Following is the minority report:

Your select committee appointed to enquire into all matters connected with the cancellation of the certificate to teach formerly held by Mr. J. P. McLeod and also into all circumstances connected with the granting of temporary certificates from and inclusive of the month of July last to the present time has the honor to report that it has taken the evidence of Mr. J. P. McLeod, and also of Dr. Pope which it herewith submits to your Honorable House.

By the evidence it appears that on June 25, 1891, Mr. McLeod visited Dr. Pope at the office of the Superintendent of Education and called his attention to the fact that in the report of the examination for promotion in the Victoria High School no marks had been allotted for the Latin papers in the 3rd division. Dr. Pope had the omission rectified and an amended report made out and forwarded without delay.

That Mr. McLeod was not satisfied with the marks given to certain pupils of the 3rd division of the Victoria High School and complained to the Board of School Trustees two days after complaining to Dr. Pope and before allowing any reasonable time for the superintendent to have the papers re-examined and therein was guilty of unprofessional conduct.

That Mr. McLeod examined five of the Latin papers of the 3rd Division, two of those written by the more advanced pupils and three written by the least advanced of the pupils; but that the examiner credits all five about equal.

That the reports of the experts is as follows:

Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, M.A.—"That marks assigned, with two or three exceptions, meet with my approval. In each of the exceptions referred to I consider that more marks had been allowed than the answers in my opinion merited."

Mr. John Anderson, B.A.—"I find that in two or three instances he has assigned higher values to answers than I should feel warranted in giving, but as the valuation of such papers is to a great extent a matter of judgment, there is no reason to doubt that the original examiner could justify his marking in the cases referred to."

That all the Latin examination papers of the third Division were referred to Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, M.A., and Mr. Jno. Anderson, B.A.

That though the correctness of the marking of the Latin papers was in dispute, the papers had nevertheless been destroyed before your committee called for them.

That Mr. McLeod refused to go to the office of the Superintendent of Education to arrange for promotions when requested to do so by Inspector Wilson in Dr. Pope's name.

That further enquiry was stopped by the following resolution being carried in committee:

"That inasmuch as Mr. McLeod went to his superior officer, Dr. Pope, and made a complaint to the effect that the papers at the High School examination had been improperly marked, and that there were important omissions and that insomuch as according to Mr. McLeod's own showing the Superintendent of Education at once consented to look into the matter and have it rectified, and notwithstanding this Mr. McLeod before there was time for the Superintendent to look into the matter laid complaints before the Board of School Trustees as to the conduct of the school Superintendent, and that these complaints were published in the press, he committed such a gross breach of discipline as to fully warrant the Council of Public Instruction in cancelling his certificate."

That we do not endorse the above resolution, considering that temporary suspension of Mr. McLeod's certificate would have been sufficient punishment for the promotion of good discipline in the schools.

THOS. E. KITCHEN.
F. C. COTTON.

SOME FUNNY THINGS.

"You say your son John went down south and started a newspaper?" "Yes." "Is he making himself felt in the community?" "You bet he is. He has been tarred and feathered twice."

FANGLE—"I have just patented the greatest invention of the century." Cumso—"What is it?" Fangle—"A collar button which does its own swearing when it rolls under the bureau."—Epoch.

"WHAT are you going to do with your new skates, Johnny?" asked the caller. "I haven't made up my mind yet," was the reply, "but I think I'll get sister to tie ribbons on 'em and fix 'em with gold paint to hang in the parlor."—Washington Star.

"You are another poor victim of circumstances, I presume," said the charitable housekeeper. "No'm," replied Mr. Hungry Higgins proudly, "I ain't. I'm a self-made man, I am, even if it ain't much of a job."—Indianapolis Journal.

DEUCED AWKWARD.—Cholly Van Wyck—"D'ye heah that Albaht Victaw was going to be mawwied?" Awthaw de Gough—"Ya-as. Doosid glawd it ain't his fawthaw. It would be jolly awkward, doncherknow, to have to mawwy."—New York Herald.

THE CAREFUL WIFE.—Wife—"Why don't you eat your pudding?" Husband—"I'm afraid the pudding will put my stomach out of order." Wife—"Well, suppose it does. That's better than throwing it into the slop barrel. Have some more?"—Texas Siftings.

A Light Hid Under a Bushel.

No one can tell a Rigby Waterproof Garment by its appearance, feeling or odor. Yet it is a light hid under a bushel; i.s wearea may walk through the heaviest shower perfectly dry and when the sun shines again he may bob up serenely as spick and span as if he had come out of the proverbial bandbox.

Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel is now open. Offices to rent on the first floor. Special rates for rooms by the week or month. Apply office, first floor. *

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

Causes of Liberal Defeats—The Commercial Situation in Toronto, etc.

Special Correspondence of the TIMES.)

TORONTO, March 26.—Our friends, the Liberals, have been routed in the recent elections. The result is ascribed to many causes. The Liberals allege as the sole cause bribery and corruption. This, however, hardly seems sufficient for so complete a humiliation. There is no doubt a feeling that unrestricted reciprocity will prove a panacea. Blake's reasoning that it will not give that permanence of conditions which would alone warrant a large investment of capital is very forcible. Public opinion, too, is chiefly controlled by the press of the larger towns and by those who have a very strong direct or indirect interest in tariff-kept industries. It is feared in all the ambitious towns down here that, under unrestricted reciprocity, Boston, New York, Buffalo, and Chicago, instead of Halifax, Montreal and Toronto, would become the distributing centres for Canada, and that would be a serious matter for communities whose largest business interests are in real estate speculation. Moral apathy too, no doubt, plays its part. Goldwin Smith writes from Washington a strong letter in the Mail in which he seems to point to a pricking of the national conscience as the first requisite of success in trade reform.

In the meantime the commercial situation in Toronto at least grows worse. People no longer buy luxuries. The jewelers are failing right and left; half the builders are ruined and mortgagees are obliged to carry all arrears. Although the general practice has been to lend only 50 per cent. of land values, property will not bring, at mortgage sales, the sum lent.

The new Tory policy of preferential trade with Britain will likely have a big boom for a time, since the farmers will greedily jump at the promised advantage in the British market and the townspeople will fatuously think all will be well, if they are saved from competition with United States manufacturers.

AN ALDERMANIC ELECTION.

To Fill the Vacancy Caused by the Resignation of Ald. Devlin.

A special meeting of the city Board of Aldermen was held in the committee room this morning pursuant to the call of the Mayor.

There were present, Mayor Beaven, presiding, Aldermen Humber, Styles, McKillican, Hunter, Lovell, Hall, Munn and Baker.

Mayor Beaven explained that he had called the meeting owing to the resignation of Ald. Devlin. That gentleman had informed him on Thursday morning that he intended resigning and he tried to pursuade him not to. That evening he saw in the TIMES to the effect that Alderman Devlin had sent in his resignation to the city clerk. This he found was correct. It only left the council to call a special election. He considered this a pity, as Ald. Devlin had shown himself an honorable man and a desirable councillor.

The following letter from Ald. Devlin was read:

VICTORIA, March 31, 1892.

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:—In view of the probable disastrous results to the city interests, likely to follow a continuation of the present deadlock over the appointment of a city engineer, and realizing that as a member of the council I have acted consistently in the matter of being a party to the election of Mr. Tuck to that important office, and afterwards maintaining that the minutes regarding our proceedings at the said election should be adopted as a correct record of the proceedings of the council before taking further steps toward considering the propriety of Mr. Tuck's appointment, I feel that the city's interests demand a speedy settlement of present differences of opinion. With that object in view, and feeling that I cannot consistently recede from my past position, and believing I am acting in the city's interest, I am satisfied my present course will in a measure afford the relief so much desired by all.

I therefore beg to tender the resignation of my seat as alderman in your council board. By accepting this proposition it may enable you to proceed with the appointment necessary and by election secure for Johnson street ward a more capable representative. I have the honor, etc.

J. C. DEVLIN.

Ald. Styles asked if the Board had to accept the resignation.

The Mayor answered that it was just a matter of accepting. All the Council could do was to arrange for a new election.

The members arranged themselves around the fireplace in the room and discussed sewerage, ventilation, and other matters of a somewhat similar nature, while a resolution was drawn up.

The following resolution was then moved by Ald. McKillican, seconded by Ald. Hunter:

That the nomination of a candicate to fill the vacancy in the city council caused by the resignation of Mr. J. C. Devlin, be held on the 9th day of April, 1891, from 12 o'clock noon to 2 p. m. at the council chamber, City Hall, and the polling (if any) at the City Hall on the third day succeeding that of the nomition and that notice thereof be given by publication in the city daily papers and by notice posted on the bulletin board at the City Hall and other places named in section 44 of the Municipal Act, 1891.

That Mr. William King Bull be hereby appointed the returning officer to hold the election, and to act in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Act, 1890 and the Election By-law.

The resolution carried unanimously.

The council then adjourned.

Unionists in Ireland.

LONDON, April 2.—The Unionists intend contesting every seat in Ireland at the next election. The object of this is to ascertain whether there has been a growing Unionist sentiment in that country.

THE STREETS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Can you inform me if Broughton, Langley, Gordon and Wharf streets are at present in our city limits, as in their present condition one would not think so. Perhaps our city by-laws do not apply to these streets. It seems to me that the Aldermen, who frame the by-laws are the first to break them. These streets are at present used as a dumping ground for all kinds of material and I think it disgraceful that that should be allowed. It is not likely that our street and police committee will act in the matter, as they are nearly all contractors themselves, and it would be clearly against their own interest to interfere. As for the good Sheppard, he dare not; if he did, I think the same contractors might have work for another hand.

WHARF STREET.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND ID AUSTRALIA.

TO THE EDITOR:—There is a paragraph in your issue of yesterday evening referring to the numerical strength of the Anglican church throughout the world. In this you place the numbers of clergy in Australia at 269. A clergy list published two years ago, which will really take us back three years, has over a thousand names of Anglican clergymen laboring in this great southern land; and the number has vastly increased since then. The census returns of last year are very significant, for they show that while in the 10 years preceding, the Church of England had increased the proportion of her adherents by about a tenth, the Methodists had been stationary, and the Presbyterians, the Baptists, etc. had lost ground heavily. And these returns will reflect their true importance when I mention that the census of 1881 gave the church a population of just under one-half, which places her in the position she occupies in England. I would thank you, sir, to give this correction, because we often hear people in this country stating that the old Catholic Church of England will never thrive in the same degree in a democracy as in an aristocracy. Now, there never was a purer democracy—strongly savored with socialism—than that which now exists in Australia. There the church has ever looked with approving eyes on its advancement. As in days of yore she gave us, the Angly-Saxon race, that incalculable blessing, Magna Charta, so she bids fair to give us too that further charter of freedom, Christian Socialism, through the medium of Australian experience. I wish the working classes would realize what they lost when the mother church unfortunately neglected, in the early years of American colonization, to plant in its midst the seed which would undoubtedly first have exerted the influence necessary to stay those harsh measures, which led to the creation of the Republic, and secondly, would effectually have prevented that widespread want of deep reverence for holy things, which substitutes for the true worship of God and the Sacraments of Christ, a preaching service devoid of all the elements so essential to salvation.—AUSTRALIAN.

March 31, 1892.

SHIPS IN DISTRESS.

TO THE EDITOR.—Some years ago when in command of the tea clipper Leander, I was running up the China Sea towards Hongkong, in the track of a cyclone which was some few hours in advance of me. I had been for some days previously aware by the looks of things of its presence, and had been humoring the vessel according to the humors of the storm, when one morning I spoke the French ship Eunice Alice, dismantled, having lost her spars the night before in the centre of my fiend. On my arrival in Hongkong the French consul called on me and asked me for particulars, which I gave him and in a few hours after a French corvette and gunboat were steaming out to look for her. They found the vessel at anchor under one of the islands at the entrance of Hongkong and towed her into port and I have not forgotten yet the hearty grip of the hand I got from the old French skipper when I met him.

Another voyage I was bound for Shanghai from Australia, and was within sight of the Chusan group when I exchanged signals with the British ship Doune Castle, also dismantled by a typhoon. The day I reached Shanghai I reported the same and late that evening I received a letter requesting me to call on the senior naval officer, the commander of the Thetis early on the following morning. I was on board his vessel at 7 a.m. and about noon that day there was a gunboat seeking the ship.

On both occasions there was no shirking of responsibility, no red tape, no waiting for authentic advices. My single report was sufficient to enable those in authority to send ships and men to the help of the unfortunate. Now, sir, it has been reported for several days past that there has been shipwreck and disaster on the West Coast of this island, and I see by the papers this morning the Quadra is at last to go in search of particulars or any half-starved wretches that may be even now crawling round the rocks looking for shell-fish to sustain them. Is there no one in Victoria, B.C., big enough with responsibility to order the Quadra, or for the matter of that to hire a steamer to go to the rescue at once, for if there is not, to my mind it is about time there was, considering how rapidly the shipping interests of this port in the way of sealers and West Coast traders are increasing.

M. J. KNIGHT.

April 2nd, 1892.

A Fashionable Drink.

Menier Chocolate is a fashionable drink. Did you ever try it? Send postal card for samples and directions to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal.

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

EDDY'S
STANDARD
MATCHES
Telegraphs and Telephones
SURE—SAFE—SWEET
Every stick a match.
Every match a lighter.
NO FOUL SMELL. NO SULPHUR DROPPING.
Sold everywhere. Accept no others.
FACTORIES AT HULL, CANADA. ESTABLISHED 1851.
11.

THE ABOVE MARK IS KNOWN
TO PRINTERS
WE NEVER AS A TURN RULE.
BUT KEEP ON TURN OUR RULE,
EVERY YEAR. IN THE SAME TRACK
"THE VERY BEST FOR CASH"
CAMERON'S MOTTO TO-DAY—
CAMERON'S MOTTO FOR YEARS PAST—
CAMERON'S MOTTO ALL THE TIME.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP.....$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....506,371
HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
SIR DONALD A. SMITH, PRESIDENT. HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, VICE-PRESIDENT.
E. S. CLOUSTON, GENERAL MANAGER.
Branches and Correspondents in all the leading Cities of the World.
Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
Savings Bank Department.—Deposits of $4.00 and upwards received, and interest allowed at the highest current rates.
NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.
A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.
— BANKERS —
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
— AGENTS FOR —
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS
ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS
With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,
Send for Circulars and Price List. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

WANTED—Position as manager of horse or cattle ranch, by young married man. Understands breeding and shipping of stock; also farming in all branches. Good business education. Could take entire charge. Address Dalby & Claxton, Victoria. ap2-1w

WANTED—By two young ladies, situations as waitresses, or table work. Address California Hotel. ap1-2t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Ward maid and male nurse, for the Jubilee Hospital. ap2-tf

WANTED—A housemaid. Apply to Mrs. G. A. McTavish, Beacon Hill Park. ap1

WANTED—Two apprentices to learn the millinery business. Inquire of Mrs. Bowness, Lansdowne House, 88 Yates street. ap1-tf

WANTED—Smart intelligent boy, also good hand ironers at the Victoria Steam Laundry. m21

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Twenty to forty acres cleared land for fruit and poultry ranch, with small dwelling, near to Victoria. Must be good value. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. ap3

WANTED—Small foot lathe, wood or iron bed. 151 Pandora street. ap1-3t

WANTED—At once, a female dog, competent to act as wet nurse to six small puppies. Price liberal. Apply at 89 Fort St. ap1-2t

HOUSE WANTED—Before the 1st April, an eight-roomed house wanted to rent. One conveniently situated and comparatively new preferred. Address X.Y.Z, TIMES office. m5

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—House and furniture, 79 Discovery street. Apply to Heisterman & Co., Government street. mh31 tf

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms, suitable for small family. Pierre Block. m31-1w

HOUSES:—

On Amphion street, $10.
On Belton avenue, Victoria West, $12.
On North Park street, No. 105, $14.
On Vancouver street, $18.
On King's road, No. 18, $20.
On South Turner St., James Bay, No. 44 $20.
On Labouchere street, $21.
On Bellot street, $21.50.
On Belcher avenue, $25.
On Vancouver street, $25.
Offices, stores and sample rooms.
m26 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

TO RENT—Dwelling house of eight rooms with bath, outhouse, dry cellar, etc., with all modern improvements. A first-class neighborhood, beautiful lawn, and all in first-class repair. On a two years' lease at a most reasonable rent to parties that will purchase the household effects, all of which are nearly new. For further particulars address J. H. S., Box 161, city. mh26 4

FIVE-ROOMED COTTAGE, nearly new; Michigan street, James Bay. Rent $16 per month. Apply J. A. T. Caton, 17 Yates street. mh26-tf

TO RENT—Small store, with 6 rooms and kitchen. Apply J. Mortimer, auctioneer, corner View and Broad streets. mh17-tf

TO RENT—New 6-roomed cottage on Fifth street, $12 per month. T. G. Rayner, Real Estate, Trounce avenue. mh17-tf

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—A first-class boarding house; three minutes' walk from postoffice. Sleeping accommodation for 25 boarders; also a good transient business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. For particulars address "Boarding House," TIMES office. mh28-tf

WE offer the following bargains:—

House, Quadra street, 5 rooms, rented $16. Price $1600.

House, First street, 4 rooms. Price $1200.

Chicken ranch, 5 acres, long terms. Price $750.

Two lots, Jessie street, Victoria West. Price $650 each.

One lot, Victoria West, long terms. Price $325.

Two lots near Oak Bay avenue, long terms. Price $275 each.

m26 Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE—The beautifully situated property 49 Third street; good house, and well-stocked fruit and vegetable garden, with back and front entrance. Apply on the premises. mh19-1m

FOR SALE—30 acres good land, seven acres under cultivation. Fine chance for market garden. Nine miles from city. Price $2200. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mh5

GENERAL BUSINESS — Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe13 tf

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50x126.9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside road, 56' 6"x121' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fir Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. an5

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sunday and holidays.

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
Corner Government and Pandora streets
Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $20,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. ja31-1y

DETECTIVE.

MCNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
References furnished.
E. D. MCNAUGHTON, Manager.
mh1

PIANO TUNING.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 70 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. m14-tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
JAMES SHERIDAN.
mh1-3m

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broadwood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc20

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe29tf

EDWARD MCCOSKRIE & CO.
ARCHITECTS.
Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.
fe15-eod

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCY
Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. ja2-3m Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.
fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.
ja16

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Secretary.
jy25

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 720, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY,
Scribe E.
1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER,
K. of R. & S.
oct9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. e22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 50.

ROSENTHAL'S CAFE ROYAL.

We are prepared to furnish Banquets, Weddings, Balls, Receptions and Afternoon Teas. Eastern and Olympia Oysters. Ice Cream made daily. Finest French Candies made fresh daily; also Chocolate Eclairs, Macaroons, Cream Puffs, Pies and all kinds of German Pastry. All short orders served. Open all night. Ladies' side entrance to boxes.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
52 Government street, Victoria.

Trout Fishing.
Season opens on the 15th. For fine fishing tackle go to Fox's 78 Govt. St.

TO-MORROW

WE OPEN OUR

Spring Millinery

HATS AND BONNETS.

* * * * * * * * *

MRS. BOWNESS

will be pleased to show the ladies the latest and most recherche Millinery of the London, Paris and New York styles.

SHOWROOM

SECOND FLOOR.

MANTLES

PARASOLS

DRESS GOODS.

No questions asked about these goods pleasing—
They make none better.

No question about prices being satisfactory—
None sell cheaper.

* * * * * * * * *

Ask to see our

40c. BLOUSE.

* * * * * * * * *

J. PARTRIDGE

LANSDOWNE HOUSE

86 YATES STREET.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices; legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

The Daily Times.

THE McLEOD CASE.

When a select committee of the Assembly was appointed, at the instance of the Premier, to inquire into the cancellation of the certificate of Mr. J. P. McLeod, there was no doubt in any person's mind as to what the verdict of the majority of that committee would be. The idea that Messrs. Baker, Hall and Croft might possibly agree to a searching investigation and to a report reflecting on the Government could never have entered the head of any sane person acquainted with the circumstances of the case. That they would find against Mr. McLeod and in favor of their master was quite to be expected, and therefore their report occasions no surprise. It is otherwise, however, with the minority report of Messrs. Cotton and Kitchen. Who could have imagined that those gentlemen would so readily succumb to the malign influence of Honest Johnism and send in a report so utterly unjust, so completely at variance with the evidence and with common sense. They have gone out of their way to do Mr. McLeod a gross injustice, to endorse the indefensible conduct of the educational authorities, and therefore to please the Government by justifying the tyrannical perversion of its power for illegitimate purposes. It is fair to conclude that the professions of independence made by these gentlemen are empty and vain, and that they care more to please Honest John than to keep on the side of justice. To any man who has looked at the documents connected with the case the verdict of the minority must appear in this light.

Although the reports differ in regard to the measure of punishment which their authors thought Mr. McLeod should have suffered, they take common ground in finding him guilty of "unprofessional conduct." And what reason do they give for this finding? Both specify practically the one reason—that Mr. McLeod laid before the Board of Trustees a complaint as to the manner in which both he and the High School under his charge had been treated by the Department. The unfairness and stupidity of this finding may be appreciated when it is borne in mind that this ground of condemnation was an entirely new one, and that it was not advanced by the Council of Public Instruction at all. In the formidable indictment served on Mr. McLeod by that body in December last, it is nowhere alleged that he was guilty of unprofessional conduct because of his action in reporting to the Board; the Council's charge was that he made complaints to the Board which in the Council's opinion were not substantiated. The members of the committee go the Council one better, and find that he should not have said anything to the Board. How could Mr. McLeod expect justice from a committee whose members preach that doctrine? Be it remembered that Mr. McLeod was employed by the Board of Trustees, that he was responsible to it for his conduct of the school, that he was subject to dismissal at any time if the Board adjudged him neglectful of his duty, and then decide whether he was guilty of "unprofessional conduct" in pointing out to the Board an action of the Department which he knew to be likely to injure the school. The committee have made themselves appear ridiculous as well as unjust in thus travelling outside the record to find Mr. McLeod guilty. The majority make another absurd declaration that Mr. McLeod was guilty of "persistent appeal" to the Board, whereas he appealed only once. In fact, the committee was to all appearances imitating the actions of the Department and going on under its instructions. If Mr. McLeod could not be found guilty in one way another must be tried.

The two reports settle one point beyond a doubt—the fate of the celebrated papers,—though it is noticeable that very little is said about this in either of them. There is nothing said as to when they were destroyed or who destroyed them, but it is plain the papers were put out of the way. Who will believe that this step would have been taken if the papers were not certain to furnish evidence to condemn the Department? The fact that they were destroyed is the best possible proof that Mr. McLeod was right and his accusers wrong. No reasonable man can believe, in the face of the Department's action, that Mr. McLeod was not correct in his allegation that the promotion examination of last June was bungled by the Department; neither can any man endowed with common sense and a sense of justice deem him wrong in stating his opinion to the Board of Trustees. Yet for taking this course Mr. McLeod has been punished with the utmost severity by the men who are allowed to misdirect the educational affairs of this province.

One conclusion more must be drawn from this affair. It was manifestly unjust and outrageous to exclude Mr. McLeod from the committee room while the investigation was in progress. As he was practically on his trial, it would have been but right to have allowed him to hear the evidence and cross-examine the witnesses. His deprivation of this privilege, which is invariably allowed in courts of justice, is not the least despicable part of the Government's conduct. It is quite safe to say that in no other part of this Dominion would so tyrannical and arbitrary an action be tolerated. British Columbia is peculiar among the Canadian provinces in consenting to the scandalous system of trying a man in his absence and finding him guilty without affording him an opportunity of making a defence. And yet the men who are guilty of this outrage are given to talking about their high regard for British justice! Faugh!

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Finance Minister Foster in his budget speech quoted figures showing that the people of Canada are substantially reducing their consumption of liquor and tobacco. The consumption per capita in the years mentioned was as follows:

	Spirits. gals.	Beer. gals.	Wine. gals.	Tobacco pounds
1887	1151	2708	140	2125
1889-90	883	3369	104	2143
1890-91	863	3282	102	2033

It is a question whether Mr. Foster, the temperance advocate, will receive pleasure enough from this showing to counterbalance the sorrow of Mr. Foster, the Finance Minister, over the serious reduction of his revenue, which is now smaller than the expenditure.

It seems that Minister Tupper has accepted the report sent in by commissioners Wilmot and Armstrong as settling the salmon question beyond peradventure. No change is to be made in the old regulations, which are to be "rigidly enforced," so that if the canners were in an uncomfortable position before they will now find their discomforts increased and not lessened by the commission's work. It was strongly suspected that Commissioner Wilmot would start from Ottawa in the full determination of so twisting the enquiry as to bolster up his regulations, and his course as chairman of the commission left no doubt on that point. It was a matter of surprise, though, that Sheriff Armstrong should have lent himself so readily to the chairman's scheme, as it was expected that he would have shown more consideration for an industry in which his own city is vitally interested. He sided with Mr. Wilmot in everything, and the report of Hon. Mr. Higgins had of course no chance of prevailing against that of the majority. The Minister's decision in the matter being final, the cannerymen will have to make the best of the situation as it is and bless the fortune that has secured for them so much consideration at Ottawa.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Few bills this session have been subjected to so much amendment as Hon. Mr. Turner's Game Bill. The passage of this measure through the House has been decidedly stormy and changeful. Almost every member, especially those from the country, has deemed it advisable to offer some amendment or other. The charge that city members are scarcely competent to legislate on game matters for the outlying districts, seems well-grounded.

Col. Baker's question of privilege last night on that unfortunate national subject seemed to satisfy the Scotch members thoroughly. The gallant Colonel said if he were not an Englishman he would be a Scotchman. This brings to mind the Marquis of Salisbury's famous reply to the French ambassador. The Frenchman had said, "If I were not a Frenchman, my lord, I would be an Englishman." Salisbury replied, "And, Count, if I were not an Englishman I would be an Englishman."

There is still much to be done in the House, and the session gives promise of lasting well on into the middle of the present month. How business could be expedited if some members who say a great deal without throwing any light on the subject would just hold their peace! Some of these gentlemen have a talent for saying in a different way, things that have been said a great number of times already. For instance if the Premier were to get up and say, "The ploughman homeward plods his weary way," one of the faineants at the other end of the government bench would be sure to follow with, "His weary way the ploughman homewards plods," only to be succeeded by another with "Homeward plods the ploughman his weary way." And so on until all the honorable plastic material Honest John moulds to his purpose like potter's clay, had delivered some variation.

There was a great discussion on dams last night on the Coquitlam Electric Power Bill. The contention of the honorable members of the Opposition was that no company should have such powers over any stream as would enable them to dam it to the detriment and inconvenience of other people living in the neighborhood. The government supporters of the bill were profuse in their assurances that any dams used on these streams would be placed so as not to interfere with private rights.

Business in the House goes by fits and starts. Sometimes an electric shock seems to invigorate all the honorable members, and bills are rushed through readings and committee at dizzy speed. Again a lull will fall upon their spirits, and business moves as sluggishly as "The lazy Scheldt." It is remarked that these somnolent spells are generally occupied by the Government supporters.

Mr. Hall, as champion of the deerskin subject last night, cut a very pretty figure, as he generally does after being primed by the Honest gentleman, without whose consent he dares say nothing. He seemed for some time a regular lion of debate, but one could not help the lines in King John rising up to destroy the leonine idea—

Thou wear a lion's hide! Go doff it for shame,
And hang a calfskin on those recreant limbs.

Mr. Brown doubtless had the quotation in mind, but mercifully refrained from annihilating his opponent by hurling it.

PEW AND PULPIT.

THERE are 134 different religious sects in the United States.

THERE are over thirty Methodist churches in Toronto, Ont.

THE pope's episcopal golden jubilee will be celebrated in 1893.

THE total number of clergy of the church of England is about 23,000. If we include the clergy in the colonies and those engaged in missionary fields the total is swelled to 27,000.

LLANLLYFNI, Wales, has a Baptist minister who is bordering on ninety years of age, yet on a recent Sunday this veteran preached at the Baptist chapel, Abergele, and on the following evening he delivered his popular lecture on "Christmas Evans."

Soap That Wouldn't Lather.

The Norwegians make of goat's milk a brown cheese called "mysost," which does not look very inviting to a foreigner. It is made in the shape of little bricks. A native, Dr. Julius Nicholaison, was sending some Norwegian delicacies to a friend in Germany and among others he put in a piece of mysost. His friend wrote and thanked him for the salmon, etc., and then continued: "The soap is very nice, but we find great difficulty in making the lather." This was the cheese!

WHY ROYAL Baking Powder is Best

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for that company and the United States Government.

"I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportions of the same, and the method of its preparation,

"the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the Purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public.

"HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."
Late United States Government Chemist.

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

Wanted.

$10,000 American silver at par in exchange for boots and shoes, at Carmichael & Paterson's, 35 Johnson St.

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

For Strictly Cash.

Choice butter per roll, 50cts; ham per lb, 16cts; bacon from 14 to 16cts per lb; potatoes, per cwt., 90cts. Wm. Eckert, 106 Yates street. *

Davie vs. the Colonist.

The action for libel brought by the Attorney-General against the Colonist will be heard on Wednesday next. It is believed to be the first instance on record in Canada where a Minister of the Crown claimed damages for libel against the chief organ of the Minister and his colleagues.

The Board of Trade Building.

Tenders for the new Board of Trade building to be erected on Bastion square have been called for by Mr. Maxwell Muir, architect. The tenders have to be in by the 22nd inst. The magnificent structure will be far advanced to completion before the snow flies again, and be one of the city's chief ornaments.

Passengers for 'Frisco.

The following passengers left by the Umatilla this morning for San Francisco: O. S. Ferguson, E. J. Bowner, Miss Doherty, Mrs. Leslie, Mrs. C. H. Wescott, G. W. Tuthill, J. T. Hall, R. L. Patterson and wife, Mrs. G. Williams, F. J. Graham, T. Perg, R. H. Alexander, Mrs. M. L. Thompson, E. J. Rae and wife, J. B. Ballentine, wife and child.

She is a Flyer.

Jubilee Queen, a beautiful sorrel mare, raised by W. Johns, of this city, now the property of P. Carey, of Vancouver, was to-day added to the list of flyers at the Driving Park, which are to take part in the spring meeting of the Jockey Club. She stands 17 hands high and is a veritable flyer. It is not known as yet what class she will be entered in. No one can say that there are no good horses raised in British Columbia after they see Queen.

A Popular Irish Play.

The Shaughraun will be presented at the Imperial for the last time to night. The large audiences which have attended the presentations of this play would indicate that it has lost none of its popularity. Mr. George Berry and Miss Belle Inman play the leading roles and are supported by a clever company of actors. The Imperial is steadily gaining ground in the good graces of the amusement loving public and in Manager Berry's hands is proving a paying speculation.

A Valuable Coin.

Mr. S. O'Brien of the Grotto has got a valuable curiosity in the shape of a $50 gold slug made in California in 1852. The slugs used to be used in California among the miners in early days and are pure gold. They were called in by the United States Government and very few are now in circulation. There is but one in the State of Washington and Mr. O'Brien has got the only one in British Columbia. An old time Californian who wants something to remind him of early days in the Golden State, has a good opportunity of getting this valuable curiosity as Mr. O'Brien is not anxious to hold it.

An Ingenious Invention.

It is an open secret that Mr. E. B. Paul, M.A., Esquimalt, is figuring on plans of a boat that he claims will be the swiftest yet designed. His model will be completed next week, and the trial (at which a representative of the TIMES will be present) will come off as soon as Mr. Paul has obtained the *caveat* for which he has applied. This is not the first invention that Mr. Paul has made or the first patent that he has applied for, and it is gratifying to his numerous friends to learn that experts have already formed a high opinion of his latest invention, and think there can be no doubt of its success. The TIMES extends congratulations.

The Polo Club.

The annual meeting of the polo club was held last night. The jockey club's offer as to the club using that part of the driving park inside the ring, was accepted. This piece of ground will be made ready for use by the middle of the present month. The match to be played here against Calgary, the best club in the Northwest, will be the most important of the series; an effort will be made to obtain the best ponies procurable, and the club will practise hard for the event. The members of the club are pleased with the showing made last year and are confident that the game will still further increase in popularity. The following is the committee for the ensuing year: Major C. T. Dupont, Dr. Pearson, R.N., A. W. Vowell, N. P. Snowden, J. A. Aikman, C. St. A. Pearse and C. W. Ward, hon. Sec. and Treas.

A Mysterious Discovery.

In the city of Chicago Mrs. Daley and two children were murdered, and for weeks no clue was found. A public entertainment was given at one of the halls, and during the clairvoyant seance Detective Allen thought, "Who killed the Daly family?" The clairvoyant described the murder in all its horrible details, and stated that Mrs. Daly's husband had killed his wife and children. Allen was convinced. He went to Daly's house, told him a witness had been found who had been peeping through the window, and so worked upon Daly that he confessed the crime. This incident, with many others, spread the fame of Professor and Mrs. Baldwin all over the world. Some years ago the Baldwins created a great sensation in the United States and Eastern Canada; then went to India to study the psychomentrical mysteries of the Orient. In England, Australia, Africa, India, China and Japan recently Professor Baldwin has been touring with a new combination of talent, "The Butterfly Company," and is now on his way to London, where the company open in September for a year's season. This company includes, among other artists, Miss Kate Russell, the famous musical mimic and character portrayer; Miss Ada Delroy, from the Gaiety and Criterion theatres; Mr. James Bell, comedian; Miss M. Constance, Mrs. Kittie Baldwin, the clairvoyant; Baby Nick, the wee demon dancer; Mr. Bert Phillips and Mr. Richard Dixey. They appear at the Victoria Theatre Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Standard Works.

See prices in the windows of Kerr & Begg's bookstore this week. *

Wanted.

Two apprentices to learn the millinery business. Inquire of Mrs. Bowness, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. al-tf

Gone Fishing.

Quite a number of anglers armed with rods and baskets left for up the line this afternoon. Fish will suffer to-morrow.

After Easter Ball.

The Queen City Social club will hold a meeting in Harmony Hall on Tuesday, 5th inst., at 7:30 to arrange for the after Easter ball.

Opened.

The British Columbia Medico-Electric Institute and Turkish Baths, corner of Broad and Yates street, are again in full operation with Dr. W. E. Bergman as manager. The baths are open from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. *

A.O.F.

A meeting will be held in the Pioneer Hall, No. 28 Broad street, on Saturday, April 2, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a new court of the Ancient Order of Foresters under the subsidiary High Court of Canada. Brothers of the order and those interested are cordially invited to attend.

SOME OF THE FLYERS

That Are Getting Ready for the Spring Meeting of the Jockey Club.

The programme for the Victoria Jockey Club's spring meeting shows that there are now a number of horses getting ready for the different events.

For the 2:40 class trotting and pacing the following horses are being trained. One-eyed-Johnny, Canadian Boy, Dan, Helmcken's mare, Factory Boy, Dr. Askum's black mare, of Seattle, and possibly others from the Sound.

Running half-mile and repeat: Murphy, Silver Thread, Johnny Allan, Johnny Cooper and possibly Leap Year and Polly Hopkins.

For the 2:30 class Belle Watts is the only one that has commenced training.

The British Columbia nursery stakes for two-year-olds does not promise to fill up and the committee are talking of changing it to a race for three-year-olds. If they did it will make several horses eligible, among them Amphion, Captain Ogilvie's mare, Silver Thread and Rithet's filly.

The entries for the one mile dash will be about the same as the half-mile and repeat, and the B.C. handicap will be filled with all the running horses.

There are six horses at work for the Queen's plate, namely: Leap Year, Gertie, Captain Ogilvie's filly Brady and the Goodacre colt Mollie Cooper and Belle Watts, which are the only ones at present working for the free for all trotting and pacing.

Of course there will be other horses here from up country and the Sound, and possibly some of those named will drop out. Everything, however, points to a successful meeting.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Schooner Mary Ellen went to sea today.

Schooner Mermaid went to sea this morning.

Tug Lorne has been laid up for a short time.

U. S. survey steamer McArthur has been raised.

The Thermopylae is rapidly getting rid of her rice cargo at the Victoria Rice Mills.

The steamer Mystery is expected in this afternoon from her trip to the West coast on which she started a day or two ago.

The stores and ashes are being taken out of the schooner Triumph at Grant's wharf preparatory to the survey that is to be made.

Work on the San Pedro is practically suspended for the present. It is understood that increased power will be brought to bear when work is again resumed.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

E. E. Rand, of Vancouver is in the city.

J. Peppit left last evening for Cape Breton.

W. H. Lomas of Duncan's, is at the Oriental.

Thos. Lowthean, a well known miner of Denver, is in the city.

B. Leanime of Okanagon Mission, has returned from California.

R. P. Rithet and A. B. Gray returned last evening from the Mainland.

Chas. Munro and Mrs. Munro leave to-morrow morning for Halifax.

A. Goldsmid, manager of the Vancouver Opera House is in the city.

Mrs. W. Marshall left last evening by the C.P.R. for New York, on a visit to her parents.

R. L. Patterson and Mrs. Pattersoa, of Toronto, left for San Francisco today on the Umatilla.

W. A. Baillie-Grohman will leave tonight, via the C. P. R., on a three months' business trip to England.

J. E. Farley, manager of Bradstreet's office in Seattle, is in the city. He expects to return to Toronto shortly.

William Baillie, one of the best known newspaper men in the province, and proprietor of the late New Westminster Daily Ledger, arrived from the Mainland last night and left this afternoon for San Francisco. Mr. Baillie will remain a few months in the Golden State, and perhaps permanently.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

THE WARSPITE AT ESQUIMALT.

The Flagship Drops Her Anchor in Esquimalt Harbor Early This Morning.

No Orders Have Yet Been Received Relating to the Sealing Question.

Her Majesty's ship Warspite, the arrival of which has been looked forward to with a great deal of interest on account of the Behring Sea question, dropped her anchor in Esquimalt harbor at any early hour this morning, a day earlier than had been expected. She left Esquimalt early in November and since that time has visited almost all the important places on the coast of both North and South America. The trip was an uneventful one, indeed, being a great contrast to her winter cruise of 1890-91, when she was watching British interests in Chile during the revolution in that country. The ports which were then the scene of war were as tranquil as Esquimalt when the Warspite left there a couple of months ago. The trip was a very pleasant one, not an unpleasant day being met with until the ship was coming up the coast from Santa Barbara when heavy but fair winds were met with. The crew, one and all, enjoyed the very best of health during the cruise and expect to continue so during their stay in Victoria. The Warspite left Santa Barbara at 1 o'clock on Monday and took her time coming up the coast.

THE SEALING QUESTION.

Captain the Hon. Hedgworth Lambton, R.N., who this morning cordially received a TIMES representative, smiled when the sealing question was mentioned, and when asked if any orders had been received in regard to Behring Sea, answered in the negative. He said all he knew about the question was what he had seen in the papers and he had come to the conclusion that the matter had been settled. They of course could not stay in the South while anything in which the Imperial Government was interested was going on in the north, but as a matter of fact they had come up here as was usual to spend the summer and he for one hoped to stay here. He did not know of any ships coming over from the China station this year.

The men on the big ship were busy this morning cleaning her up after their trip up the coast.

H.M.S. Champion, which is quietly sailing up, is expected here about the 15th inst., and the Melpomene is expected towards the end of the month. The Nymphe and Pheasant will be here early in May.

With the arrival of the Warspite, the town of Esquimalt will awake from her winter's sleep, and when the other ships arrive will be a lively little village.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

The Minister of Justice and Virtual Leader of the Government.

The Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Q.C., Minister of Justice and Attorney-General of the Dominion of Canada, was born in Halifax, N.S., on the 10th of November, 1844. He is a son of John Sparrow Thompson, a native of Waterford, Ireland, who, after coming to this country, was for a time Queen's printer and afterwards superintendent of the money order system of Nova Scotia. He received his early education in the public schools and the Free Church Academy of Halifax after which he chose law as his profession, being called to the Bar in 1865. For six years he was alderman of the city of Halifax and for five years a member of the Board of School Commissioners, being for some time chairman of the Board. In 1878 he was counsel on behalf of the United States government acting with the American lawyers before the Fishery Commission sitting at Halifax under the Washington Treaty. In 1877 he entered the political arena and was by a large majority elected to represent the county of Antigonish in the Nova Scotia Legislature. The same constituency returned him in 1878, when he was appointed Attorney-General and so became a member of the Executive Council. In 1882, on the retirement of Hon. Mr. Holmes, he was chosen Premier, but resigned a few months afterwards on being appointed a Judge of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia. This office he resigned in 1885, when he was chosen by Sir John A. Macdonald to fill the important office that he has since occupied—that of Minister of Justice and Attorney-General of the Dominion. For the last two years of his residence in Halifax he was honorary lecturer in the Halifax Law School on the subjects of evidence and construction of statutes. Since the death of Sir John A. Macdonald, the Hon. Mr. Thompson has been the virtual leader of the reconstructed cabinet and the actual leader of the Conservative party in the House of Commons, and there can be no doubt that it was his high character that saved the party from ignominious defeat at the bye-elections held since the revelations that have been made in consequence of the boodle charges preferred at the last session of Parliament.

THE POLICE COURT.

Justices of the Peace N. Shakespeare and Robert Ward Preside.

Messrs. Robert Ward and N. Shakespeare, J. P's., occupied the bench at the police court this morning.

John P. Kelly charged with being a frequenter of disreputable houses, admitted the charge and was fined $50 and costs.

Wm. Taylor, a C Battery man, was arraigned before the court charged with violently assaulting a lady. It was shown that the defendant in passing the complainant when she was going home with another lady last night, struck her with his elbow a violent blow over the breast, and when he was asked why he did so he answered by using insulting language toward the ladies. The court imposed a fine of $10 and costs.

A charge against Dug Bao of a violation of the Revenue by-law was at request of the defence remanded till the 6th inst.

PARLIAMENTARY BANQUET.

Members of the Y. M. C. A. Mock Parliament Meet to Eat.

The members of the Y.M.C.A. Mock Parliament, who, during the winter months have fought each other in wordy warfare, buried the hatchet and all differences around the festive board at the association hall last night. About two dozen of the "honorable members" and some of their friends seated themselves at the table, which was well loaded with tempting edibles by Mr. F. W. Garland, of the Balmoral restaurant.

Mr. Speaker Teague occupied the head of the table, while Mr. W. S. Hampson filled the vice chair. The matter laid on the table was ably discussed for an hour or so with avidity, when the chairman announced the second part of the programme in a neat speech proposing the health of the Queen, which was responded to by the singing of the National Anthem. Other toasts followed and were responded to in bright and happy speeches as below:

The Government of Canada—Messrs. H. A. Sutherland, P. Gregg.

Army and Navy Volunteer Forces—Messrs. C. King, W. Farmer.

Public Works and Customs—Messrs. R. Marwick, — Bennett.

Marine and Fisheries—Mr. A. G. Hay.

Trade and Commercial Interests—Messrs. W. S. Hampson, C. Spencer.

The Land We Live In—Mr. J. Boyd.

The Provincial Governments—"Jolly Good Fellows."

The Opposition—Messrs. F. Davey and Stooke (the junior member of the House).

Mr. Speaker and Young Men's Christain Association—Mr. F. W. Teague.

The Ladies—Mr. A. Wilson.

The Press—D. J. King, L. D. Henderson and J. Laing.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

If you are going to buy a watch call on the Canadian Co-Operative Supply Company. *

The Steam Laundry is growing older every day and better every hour. A good conscience and a clean shirt makes a man happy. *

A well selected stock of clothing and gents furnishings, also lease of first class premises, could be bought at easy terms. Apply P. O. box 519, city.

The Church of Our Lord (Reformed Episcopal).— Morning service at 11. Preacher, the Rt. Rev. the Bishop. Evening service at 7. Preacher, Rev. C. E. Dobbs. Bible class for young men at 10 a.m. Sunday school and young ladies' Bible class at 2:45. Holy communion after morning service. Service on Wednesday morning at 11 and Bible reading in the evening at 8. Teachers' meeting on Thursday at 4 p. m. at the bishop's residence. Bible reading on Friday in the schoolroom at 3:30 p.m.

AMONG THE SOCIETIES.

Supreme Councillor Shaw of the K. of P. Invited to Visit Victoria.

Installation of Officers of Loyal Fernwood Lodge C. O. O. F., M. U.

At the last regular convention of Far West Lodge No. 1 K. of P. a communication was received with the announcement that Supreme Chancellor of the world Geo B. Shaw and escort will visit the State of Washington and attend their Grand Lodge meeting on the 17th of May. As it was not stated whether they will visit this Province or not Far West Lodge has decided to tender an invitation to them, to pay this city a visit on which occasion there would be a grand Pythian demonstration. It is very likely that Major General Carnahan of the uniform ranks will be one of the escort.

At a well attended meeting of Loyal Fernwood Lodge, C.O.O.F. (M.U.) held last evening the following officers were installed: Bro Dwyer, N.G.; Bro. Snider, V.G.; Bro. Sherk, secretary; Bro. Snider, treasurer; Bro. Lockhart R.S. N.S.; Bro. Brown, L.S.N.S.; and Bro. Fullerton, L.M. Six delegates were elected to visit Nanaimo and assist in the installation of Golden Lodge which takes place this evening A grand banquet was held after the installation.

The annual meeting of the British Columbia St. George's Society was held last evening, when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Geo. Fairbrother, president; J. B. Lovell, vice-president; A. Graham, treasurer; J. J. Austin, secretary. The directors chosen for the year were: H. Mansell, J. Braden, J. H. Hepworth, J. Dewsnap and Sergt. Levin. It was decided to hold the dinner on the 23rd inst., St. George's Day.

An important meeting of the Pioneer Society will be held next Wednesday evening.

Last Thursday evening the Germania Club held another social dance at Oliver's Hall. The attendance was very good considering the bad weather. About 50 couples participated and enjoyed themselves.

The Sons of St. George held a meeting at Victoria West last evening, that was addressed by the P. W. P. of Tacoma and the W. P. of Seattle, and several members also spoke.

The Sir William Wallace Society has issued invitations for an "at home" to be held in their hall on Broad street on Tuesday evening.

At the regular meeting of Sunset lodge, No. 10, K. of P., held last Saturday night, 12 new members were installed, 12 more are to be initiated at to-night's meeting, and several applications are to be considered before the charter closes to-night. The lodge will be over 100 strong.

THE MINORITY REPORT.

TO THE EDITOR,—I had no intention of requesting any member of the Legislature to call for the appointment of a select committee until I was urged to do so by Mr. Kitchen. I had had enough experience of Honest Johnism and knew that an investigation conducted by his political serfs would have the same result as it had in the case of Mr. Muir three years ago. I knew that the Department of Education preferred darkness to light, and that, if the circumstances were favorable, the officials would scruple at nothing that would tend to make the country believe that I was a disreputable person who was never fit to be a teacher. But Mr. Kitchen promised that I would be given every opportunity to hear Dr. Pope's evidence, with liberty to cross examine him, and that all the papers and documents that I wanted would be produced and that, if there was any sign of unfairness on the part of the committee or any attempt to block the investigation he would leave the committee room and bring the matter to the attention of the House. All these promises Mr. Kitchen has broken and he has found me guilty (with a recommendation to mercy), although now I am prepared to offer such a vindication of my course as will satisfy the understanding of any man who is not a political knave or a confirmed ass. On Mr. Kitchen alone I depended to present my case to the committee, private advices from Vancouver having cautioned me to beware of Mr. Cotton. But it appears now that I had no one on the committee to advocate my cause and no one manly enough to protest against a course of procedure which is anti-British and would not be tolerated even in Russia.

A jury in New Westminster, after full investigation, found Mr. Cotton guilty of breach of contract and mulcted him in $3000. Mr. Cotton was there represented by eminent counsel and every opportunity was accorded him of hearing the evidence on the other side. Nevertheless he is not satisfied with the verdict but has appealed to a higher court, where both sides will be allowed to argue their case in the broad light of day. But when Mr. Cotton himself is a judge, as he was in my case, he does not deem it necessary that the defendant should hear the evidence against him or be allowed to cross-examine the plaintiff. Mr. Cotton's superior ability no doubt enables him to understand intuitively, as it were, the merits of a case, and therefore to dispense with rules which a Supreme Court judge insists on following in order to ensure that justice may be done to Mr. Cotton, when Mr. Cotton is defendant. It would be fitting to make Mr. Cotton a chief justice in order that unfortunate litigants may be relieved of the necessity of giving evidence and incurring expense in trying to make clear to Mr. Cotton what his subtle mind can grasp without assistance from counsel or witnesses.

The finding of a committee cannot alter facts, although it may be "high contempt" to say so. And it says little for the honor of legislators or the sense of justice of British Columbians that one who is accused of grave charges is not allowed the fullest opportunity to justify himself and that due punishment is not inflicted on one who deliberately destroys evidence in order to prevent the exposure of his rascality.

J. P. MCLEOD.

THE HERMIT OF THE HOOK.

A Queer Existence Is That of the Sandy Hook Telegraph Operator.

The loneliest and at the same time one of the healthiest jobs within some distance of this town is that of the man who reports the incoming and outgoing vessels for the Western Union down at Sandy Hook, says the New York Advertiser. The life led by St. Simeon Stylites on top of his solitary pillar was quite exciting compared to it. When the Western Union man isn't sleeping he is up in a little room at the top of a six-story wooden tower, reached by several breath-destroying, corkscrewy flights of stairs, where he spends his time in clapping a glass to his weather eye and scouring the horizon in the correct sea-dog fashion.

Every craft that belongs to or touches at this port is known to him, and when an occasional stranger shows up he soon learns her identity from the stack of yacht manuals and shipping registers that fill one corner of his den. A telegraph instrument clicks incessantly upon his desk, and with it he flashes the name of every vessel that passes the Hook, either inward or outward bound, up to town. From three sides of his wind-shaken perch he looks upon the briny; from the fourth the Hook, with its desolate pines and dreary sand wastes is visible. The government proving station and the big, unfinished granite walls of the abandoned fort lie almost at the foot of the tower and break the monotonous vista.

In the winter the life of the Western Union man is marked by a depressing sameness; incoming ships, outgoing ships, the incessant snarling of the vicious ocean winds without, and now and then a storm.

The summer, though, is a dream of delight. Salt breezes while the rest of the world is sweltering, regatta after regatta bringing long processions of natty yachts before his windows, and at times the roar of the great guns on the proving grounds to create a passing excitement.

While on duty the telegraph man's only connection with the world below him is by means of a tin bucket that runs along a slanting wire rope to the ground. His meals come up to him in this way, and the clatter of the bucket as it grates along the wire is one of the few sounds that break the silence which surrounds him.

NO DUEL IN HIS.

A Hungarian Chief of Police Declines a Baron's Request for Gore.

A sensation has been caused in Hungarian military circles by the attempt of a prominent military man to induce the chief of police of Kecskemet, a town fifty miles southeast of this city, to fight a duel, says the Buda-Pesth Dispatch.

It appears that Baron Matencloit, a lieutenant in the hussars, became involved in a quarrel with the chief of police, when language was used which the baron considered insulting to his dignity. He therefore prepared a challenge to fight a duel, which he forwarded to the chief of police. This missive was followed closely by friends of the baron, who were to act as his seconds, and who visited the chief of police to arrange the preliminary details of the fight, they of course expecting to meet the seconds whom they naturally thought the chief would have selected to act for him. The baron's seconds were received in a manner not laid down in the code. The chief of police very evidently had no desire to violate the laws which he was paid to uphold, and in stating this fact to the baron's representatives he did not stop to pick his words, but told them so plainly what he thought of them and their principal that they withdrew highly indignant at the insults the chief of police had heaped upon them. The police official, not content with having made his opinion on the subject of dueling perfectly clear to the baron and his seconds, issued a warrant for the arrest of Baron Matencloit for sending a challenge, such action being a violation of the law. This fact came to the ears of the baron, and upon learning of it he lost all desire to meet the chief of police, either upon the field of honor or in a police court. He therefore retired to the sanctuary afforded by the military barracks, where, according to the military law, the police have no authority.

A GIRL WHO CAN SHOOT.

Her Unerring Aim Saved Her Father from a Terrible Death.

"In my recent trip to New Mexico in the interests of the Omaha stock exchange I witnessed an act of heroism that I shall never forget," said W. F. Skinner to an Omaha Bee man. "The central figure was a beautiful and refined young lady, the daughter of a banker who owns extensive cattle ranches in northern New Mexico. During the vacations she had passed on the ranch she had acquired a wonderful proficiency with the rifle, and could shoot with the accuracy of an old ranchman. One day we were startled by seeing a cinnamon bear, and a large one at that, near the edge of a gully but a short distance from the house. Both father and daughter rushed for their rifles and made for the ravine. The wild beast was on the opposite side and unable to get at us. The banker in his excitement got too close to the edge of the ravine and tumbled in, falling a distance of twelve or fifteen feet. He lay stunned by the force of the fall, and we feared he had been seriously hurt. In another second down tumbled bruin into the gully, whether intentionally or accidentally I don't know. But the awful danger of my host immediately flashed upon me. He was too stunned to help himself, and the savage beast, infuriated by the pain of his fall, rushed toward the prostrate man. I was frozen with horror. In a twinkling I heard the report of a rifle at my side, saw a puff of smoke, and the bear dropped dead almost on the helpless form of the banker. I turned and saw my fair companion just dropping her rifle from her shoulder. Her face was pale, but her eyes lit up with a look of mingled joy and triumph. She had saved her father from a terrible death by her presence of mind and unerring aim."

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

The Regular Quarterly Meeting in the Board Room Yesterday Afternoon.

Who Represents the Board at London? ---The Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway.

The regular quarterly meeting of the British Columbia Board of Trade was held yesterday afternoon in the board rooms, Bank of B.C. building, Mr. W. J. Hall in the chair. The following gentlemen were present: Messrs. J. H. Todd, McLennan, M. Moss, B. Boggs, A. E. McQuade, Haywood, Mason, Dupont, Ker, Flummerfelt, Heisterman, McCandless, Davies, Mitchell and McGurn.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

REPORTS.

The finance committee submitted a report, enclosing a copy of a proposed insolvency bill from the Montreal Board of Trade and highly commending the principles of the same. The report recommended that the B. C. members at Ottawa be communicated with on the subject.

The chairman said this bill was certain to be much changed in passing the House at Ottawa. It would be well if the board sent some strong endorsement of the measure to the Montreal board that they might have something tangible to work upon, it would threngthen their hands.

Mr. J. H. Todd spoke strongly in favor of the measure, and the report was adopted.

The chairman referring to the committee of enquiry upon the wreck of the San Pedro said Mr. Robert Ward had kindly consented to act on the committee for the Board of Trade. The government intended to place suitable safeguards to navigation on Brotchie ledge. A suggestion had been made some time ago with regard to the sale of the steamer Sir James Douglas. Before this was done he thought it might be a good thing to have the vessel make some surveys of the deep sea fisheries. The matter should be undertaken by the government. A letter had been received from Mr. E. G. Prior stating that there was every prospect of the success of the negotiations respecting the turning over of the vessel to the provincial authorities. If this was the case there was no doubt the provincial government would undertake the deep sea fishery survey.

Mr. McLennan thought the thanks of the board should be sent the government for the present of this steamer. He moved that this be done.

Mr. J. H. Todd thought it would be an excellent idea to wait until after the steamer was presented. It was not at certain that the provincial government would accept the boat.

Mr. McLennan acknowledged that this was the better course and withdrew his motion.

Mr. Ker said the Dominion Government was doing its best to shuffle out of this deep sea fishery survey. Suppose this boat were handed over it means a great deal to keep her up to working order. He understood she needed new boilers, no doubt some of our enterprising city machinists would be only too happy for a chance to replace them, and after they were in there would be a continual bill of expense to keep her running.

On motion of Messrs Todd and McLennan the question was referred to the council.

The chairman said that in reference to the report which had been received in the city with respect to the wreck of a steamer and a schooner somewhere near Cape Scott, Captain Lewis had wired the department of finance for instructions. A telegram was received in reply directing Captain Lewis to order the Quadra to the spot to investigate the matter. It might be only an Indian story, but it was as well to err on the humane side and not wait until the corpses of the unfortunate sailors were found. It had been suggested that in cases like this Capt. Lewis should be allowed to use his own discretion, but the captain did not wish to undertake the responsibility of ordering the Quadra round without permission from the Ottawa authorities. He required to have those instructions. Had he sent the Quadra out to Cape Scott the other day on his own responsibility, and it was a pity he did not, the public would have backed him up.

Mr. Morris Moss said he believed there was a good deal of truth in the story. He had received reliable information from the captain of a sealing schooner, in which he was interested stating that large quantities of wreckage had been seen floating about that place.

Mr. Flummerfelt said two sealing captains had told him the same, which seemed to authenticate the story.

The chairman drew attention to the advertisements in the newspapers calling for tenders for the board of trade building. There was no objection to members paying up their stock in full at the earliest possible moment. A motion was read by the secretary that the articles of agreement between the B. B. Board of Trade and the Building society be adopted. Carried.

The chairman reported the death of Messrs. Bales and Mr. G. Morrison since the last meeting of the board. Mr. Todd moved, seconded by Mr. Lenman, that the fact of the death of these gentlemen be noted in the minutes, and also that a resolution of condolence be sent the widows and families of the deceased gentlemen for the board.—Carried.

The question of who should represent the Board of Trade at the great council to meet in London next June next came up. Mr. Flummerfelt moved Mr. Beeton be sent.

Mr. Hall said Mr. Beeton's ideas on trade questions were not in accordance with those of the board in some details. He might be restricted to speak only on subjects in which he agreed with the board.

Major Dupont said he would be exceedingly sorry to say a word against Mr. Beeton's appointment, but he knew that he had some opinions on trade which did not coincide with those of this board.

Mr. McLennan said this would be the most important trade meeting in the past half century, and it was right that British Columbia should have some good capable man to speak in her interest, as it would have a great influence on the future of this country. He had Mr. Robert Ward in mind, and only wished that gentleman could see his way clear to undertake the task. The board wanted a true, loyal man there.

Mr. McGurn thought Mr. E. G. Prior was the right man for the post; he could hold his own there and get a hearing, besides which he understood the questions at issue.

The matter was finally left to the council.

Mr. Hall having an appointment, Mr. Flummerfelt here took the chair.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From R. T. Williams & Co., stating that they have 100 of their directories left and offering them to the Board of Trade for distribution among the boards of trade throughout the world for a certain sum.

Mr. McGurn said a British Columbia directory was scarcely a Victoria matter. Mr. Davies contended that this was the British Columbia Board of Trade. The question was referred to the council.

From the Provincial secretary re recommendations of the Board of Trade respecting the Columbian exhibition, that the Government had the matter under consideration. Received and filed.

From A. G. Campbell-Reddie regarding the application of the Board of Trade to the Provincial Government about the introduction of sugar beets into this Province, and reporting unfavorably upon the same. Received and filed.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolution was read, moved by L. Goodacre, seconded by Mr. Heisterman:

"Whereas, the enforcement of the Cattle Quarantine Law in this province will be a great injustice to consumers of beef in consequence of the supply of stall-fed cattle being less than the demand; and Whereas the Alberta cattle, by reason of long travel by rail and steamer to reach this city, arrive in such condition that they make inferior beef; and Whereas cattle imported from the United States are for home consumption only, and that this province furnishes no cattle for the Eastern markets for exportation to Great Britain or elsewhere. Now therefore be it resolved that this Board request the representatives of this city in the Dominion House of Commons to use their influence to have British Columbia declared exempt from the influence of said Cattle Quarantine Law."

Mr. Todd said he was in favor of this resolution in so far as it relates to this place, but he did not think the Dominion Government would agree to exempting the whole Province. The word Island should be put in place of Province.

Mr. McGurn took a considerable interest in the beef question, as a consumer. Any law that the Dominion Government can put in force that would change the character of beef to be had in Victoria for the better would be of great advantage to the city. He was willing to pay a higher price for a better class of beef. The upper country beef was certainly not very palatable and he did not feel inclined to encourage it.

Mr. McLennan was in favor of not separating this from other places. The Dominion Government would never pass any such proposal. If there was enough beef in British Columbia then he wanted British Columbia beef every time. There seemed to be a little war on among the butchers at present. He had been enquiring into the matter and found there was plenty of beef on the Mainland but the butchers do not want to buy at the price asked. There is any amount of beef in the upper country but no sale for it.

Mr. Todd said if the Mainland beef was as good as that to be had across the line the butchers would certainly be ready to take it.

Mr. Moss said there might be any amount of cattle in the upper country, but the ranges were so far away that it could not be handled. It was impossible to get it from there to here. If the butchers could get cheaper beef across the line they should certainly be supported.

The question was laid on the table.

Mr. Todd moved, seconded by Mr. Ker, to amend section VIII. of the bylaws to allow certificates of membership to be issued to certain transportation and commercial agencies, in order that they may be represented by the agent in charge, after election in the usual manner, and the transfer of the certificate has been duly recorded.

The motion carried.

The chairman then named the auditting committee as follows: Messrs. E. A. McQuade and Johnston.

Mr. Ker read an extract from Bradstreets containing a number of incorrect statements about Vancouver detrimental to the interests of this city. He was of opinion these statements required correction as they went out to the world and did great harm. He suggested that the secretary be instructed to write the editor and ask him to correct the statement. He evidently meant Victoria instead of Vancouver. Mr. Davies seconded this, and Mr. McGurn added that the representative of Bradstreet's here be interviewed on the matter. Carried.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS, ETC.

Mr. Davies moved, that the resolution re the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway, drawn on June 15, 1891, be again read.

The resolution was read.

Major Dupont then read the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of this Board the construction of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway will promote the development of the mineral and other resources of the district of Kootenay, and incidentally be of great benefit to the general interests of this province.

"That this Board is of opinion that railway commerce between this province and the United States is of the greatest importance in developing the resources of the province, and that it should be as freely granted to this province as it is to the other provinces of the Dominion. That the Board learns with regret that strenuous efforts are being made at Ottawa to defeat the application of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway company for a Dominion charter for their road, by which they will be enabled to cross the boundary and connect with the railway system of the United States, and that it requests the members of the House of Commons of this province to urge upon the Dominion Government the granting of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway charter."

Major Dupont then gave a description of the topography of the Kootenay country, and showed that that country was attracting greater attention than was ever paid to any part of this province before. Abroad, the description of its riches were exciting great interest. For months, however, it was cut off from all communication with the outer world, even from the province. There was a mixed means of communication by road and river, but these were locked up for long periods by ice. The C. P. R. had deemed it impossible to give this country railway facilities with the outer world, but this company, The Nelson and Fort Sheppard were prepared to deposit their cheque for $25,000 cash as a forfeit if they did not commence the work at the time stated in the charter. It required a Dominion charter to build a railway or telegraph line across the international boundary and application was being made at Ottawa to secure that right. The C.P.R. are opposing the measure by every means in their power. The building of this line would give British Columbia great advantages and give an impetus to trade in all portions of it. The vast resources of that district would be opened up and made available. Capitalists are coming in seeking for the mines and the development of that part of the province was sure to help the whole country. To attempt to erect a Chinese wall around railway matters in this province was an outrage. Those resources would lie dormant for an indefinite period if left to the C.P.R. who are attempting to block the progress of the bill for this railway. Mr. Abbott had said that the bill would be killed unless influence could be brought to bear from the Provincial Legislature and the Board of Trade. To kill that bill would be doing a gross injustice. He hoped the resolution would pass unanimously and it would undoubtedly have great weight with the Dominion Government in the granting of this charter.

Mr. Davies in seconding the resolution said he had a greater personal interest in that country than any person in this city. He then described the difficulties at present encountered in getting into Kootenay.

Mr. Todd said it was an outrage to prevent private enterprise from building telegraphs or railways across the line to be maintained at private expense. In the case of this line the index finger of the C.P.R. pointed against it.

The resolution unanimously carried and it will be telegraphed at once.

NEW MEMBERS.

The following new members were declared duly elected: Mr. Lindley Crease, proposed by Mr. Robert Ward; Messrs. M. Cooper, Maxwell Muir, W. Walker, G. A. Keefer and Aaron Lewis proposed by Mr. Elworthy. The elections were made individually.

The Board then adjourned.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Services in the Different Churches To-Morrow Morning and Evening.

Calvary Baptist Church—Rev. M. U. Squires of Port Angeles, Wash., will preach morning and evening.

Rev. J. A. Logan of Truro, N.S., will occupy the pulpit of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to-morrow, both morning and evening.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street. Sunday at 11 a.m. for the Breaking of Bread; 7 p.m. reading, subject, the Bondage of Corruption. Wednesday evening Bible study at 7:30 p.m. All are welcome.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The following are the preachers in the churches to-morrow:

Christ Church Cathedral—Morning the Lord Bishop, and evening, the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

St. James Church—Morning, the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, evening, the Rev. E. P. Lipscombe.

St. John's—Morning and evening, the Rev. Percival Jenns.

St. Barnabas—Morning and evening, the Rev. G. W. Taylor.

St. Saviour's—Morning and evening, the Rev. W. D. Barber.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill—Morning, and evening, Rev. M. C. Browne.

St. Paul's, Esquimalt—Morning, and evening, the Rev. S. C. Scholefield.

Tolmie—Morning at 11, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Cadboro Bay—Afternoon at 3, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Indian Reserve—Afternoon, at 3:30.

Provincial Jail—Morning, at 9:30, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

All those interested in the forthcoming Cathedral bazaar are requested to attend a meeting to be held in the Cathedral school on Monday, April 4, at 3 p.m.

The conference of Church Workers and Guilds of the Anglican Churches of this city takes place also in the Cathedral schools at 8:30 p.m. on Tuesday, April 5. Several important matters will be discussed.

Is This Your Turn?

A gentleman visiting a patient in a hospital said to the attendent: "That sick man's father is may mother's son." What relationship existed between the visitor and the patient?

THE QUEEN will give an elegant Mason & Risch fine toned upright piano to the first person answering the above problem correctly; an elegant gold watch for the second correct answer; a China dinner set for the third correct answer; an elegant silk dress pattern for the fourth correct answer, and many other valuable prizes. An elegant special prize will be given for the **first correct answer from a reader of this paper.** Each person answering must enclose five three cent stamps for copy of THE QUEEN for April, containing full particulars, and a beautiful water-color engraving "Easter Morning." The announcement appears simultaneously throughout Canada **to-day.** Answer promptly, as postmarks count. Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, "X" Toronto, Ont.

N.B.—The QUEEN gives away one piano each month during 1892. The winner of the piano in the last (Moses) problem was Miss May Gormley, of Hamilton, Ont. ap2 3-4.

Most cases of consumption are of catarrhal origin, and death follows inevitably. Catarrh can positively be cured by Nasal Balm. Thousands who have been restored testify to its merits. Try it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BALD-HEADED
THIN AND GRAY HAIRED PEOPLE

Prof. DORENWEND

The Leading Hair Goods Artist of Canada **IS COMING** With Beautiful Wigs and Hair Goods Coverings of Every Description

I will have with me Ladies' and Gent's Wigs, Toupees, Switches, Bangs, Wavy and Plain Fronts and Hundreds of Different Styles, manufactured of Finest Human Hair.

Also Lotions for Hair, to produce blonde and other shades; Hair Ornaments in Cut Steel, Real Tortoise Shell, etc. This is my first trip to Manitoba, N. W. Territories, and British Columbia. These provinces being a long distance from Toronto, I have made extra preparation in order to SUIT ALL WITH ANY STYLE AND COVERING required. No matter if you are bald, have thin, gray or discolored hair, I will be able to suit you. DO NOT MISS THIS RARE CHANCE of seeing the finest and most practical contrivances for the head manufactured on this continent. Have your heads remodelled. Old made young, and young made beautiful. Every article tried on free of charge to show the effect my goods give, and the benefit derived from wearing them as to appearance and health. I shall arrive and leave sharp on time at hotels in places as announced here, accidents excepted. *Call as early as possible and make sure that you don't miss this rare chance.*

Established 1868 — **A. DORENWEND** — 103 and 105 Yonge St., Toronto, Can.

I WILL BE AND HAVE MY SHOWROOMS AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES

KAMLOOPS, B.C., Dominion Hotel
Mon., Tue., and until Wed. noon, Mar. 28, 29, and 30

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., Colonial Hotel
Fri., Sat., Mon., and Tue., Apr. 1, 2, 4, and 5

VANCOUVER, B.C., Manor House
Thu., Fri., Sat., Mon., Tue., and Wed., Apr. 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, and 13.

NANAIMO, B.C., Central Hotel
Fri. and Sat., Apr. 15 and 16.

VICTORIA, B.C., Driard House
Mon., Tue., Wed., Thu., Fri., and Sat., Apr., 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23.

CARPETS

Our stock of Carpets and Window Furnishings is just as complete as it can be. In it every grade and quality worth buying has representation, and you'll find that our prices are as low as you've known or will know this season. Ask us to estimate on the carpets and window furnishings for the home. That'll show how great the advantage by buying from us.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY.

A Rare Drug.

Are you sick at the heart and discouraged, my man?
Do you try to do more than you honestly can?
Have you overexerted your body and brain,
By plodding and striving with might and with main?
Take thou a phial
Of Self Denial!

Has dyspepsia claimed you for one of its own?
Does neuralgia threaten your wits to dethrone?
Is there on your whole system a terrible drain?
Have you never a moment of freedom from pain?
Turn your mind's dial
Toward Self Denial!

Are you nervous and restless and never at ease?
Is your head all afire while your ankle joints freeze?
Does your spinal arrangement seem breaking in twain?
Do you feel just as though you were going insane?
Give it a trial,
This Self Denial!
—Addison Fletcher Andrews.

How to Cure Nose Bleed.

Put a large piece of cork in the mouth, and work the jaws vigorously. A remedy recommended by many is the application of cold metal to the skin at the top of the spinal column. Keep the patient always in a recumbent position.

BARNETT & ELICHAGARAY

(Formerly Barnett & Fils)

Contractors to Her Majesty's Government.

SHIPPERS OF

PURE OLD,

NATURAL BRANDIES.

WALTER R. WONHAM & SONS
MONTREAL,
Sole Agents for Canada.

Direct Importation orders solicited, on the most favorable terms. ap2 26—

McLENNAN & McFEELY

HAVE REMOVED

TO CORNER OF

Government and Johnson Sts.

With a full line of

House Furnishing Goods

JUBILEE RANGES

Stoves, Tinware, Electric and Gas Fixtures and Globes.

MANTELS, TILES,

And the finest and cheapest line of **GRATES** ever seen in this city.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the shareholders of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company will be held at the office of the British Columbia Land and Investment agency, Victoria, on the 19th day of March, at the hour of 3 p.m., for the purpose of electing directors and adopting by-laws for the due management of the affairs of the company.

Dated the 1st day of March, 1892.

HENRY S. MASON,
mh Sec'y pro tem.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northeast corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR,
Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G. NORRIS.

WASHBURN

Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers in volume and quality of tone are the BEST IN THE WORLD. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated souvenir catalogue with portraits of famous artists will be Mailed FREE.

LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.
Victoria Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm
Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Conlin & Rendall has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Rendall, who will collect all debts due to the firm and pay all liabilities.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1892.

M. J. CONLIN,
mh10-1m WM. RENDALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned under the firm or style of "Braden & Stamford," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The said business will henceforth be carried on by the undersigned James Leonard Stamford, who will receive all accounts and pay all liabilities.

Dated the 26th day of March, 1892.

JOHN BRADEN,
m28-1m J. L. STAMFORD

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain Works constructed in or on Navigable Waters," Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that the Cowichan Improvement Company, Limited Liability, intends to apply to the Governor-General of Canada in Council for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said Company in and about the Cowichan River between Cowichan Lake and Cowichan Bay, in the Island of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, and has in accordance with the provisions of the said Act deposited a description of the proposed site of such works and improvements and a description of such works and improvements, together with plans thereof, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

Dated this 18th day of February, 1892.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Cowichan Improvement
mh4-1m Company, Limited Liability.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.
January 30th, 1892. fe1

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

We have been instructed for the benefit of the creditors to sell the whole stock of

FANCY GOODS

TOYS, NOTIONS, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

The whole to be sold without reserve

AT 109 DOUGLAS ST.

—ON—

FRIDAY, APRIL 1st, AT 2 P.M.

M. MARKS & CO.,
m31-tf Auctioneers.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

GOVERNMENT SALE

—OF—

121 LOTS 121

—IN THE TOWN OF—

NELSON

Under instructions from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, we will sell by Public Auction, at 11 a.m., at the Town of Nelson, Kootenay, on

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27th,

Particulars, with maps, can now be obtained at the office of the auctioneer.

Terms of Sale—⅓ cash, ⅓ six months, ⅓ twelve months, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Crown Grants $5 each.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mh11-14 Auctioneer.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

Geo. H. Bache, Newmarket's oldest resident, is dead, aged 79.

Adam Beatty, and old and prominent resident of Toronto, is dead.

Thos. Dawson who has resided in Westminster township for 60 years, is dead, aged 80.

H. H. Clute, Liberal member for Annapolis in the Nova Scotia Assembly is dead, aged 69 years.

A member of the Quebec government says it has been decided to call the legislature together April 26.

Mr. Harrison has been elected president of the New Brunswick Legislative Council, vice Ryan deceased.

The water is very low in the St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario this season. No fear is felt in Montreal of any danger from Spring floods.

Joseph Collins, a Hamilton glass blower, was run over by a street car and died next day, several ribs having been broken from the spine.

A dispatch from Port Huron announces that T. R. Mitchell of Blythe, who was accompanying a car of stock to Saginaw, was killed there by the train.

The woolen mill at Peterboro, owned by Dickson & Co., and occupied by Mann Bros., and the dye house adjoining, have been burned. Loss, $17,000; insurance, $12,000.

P. Williams, bookkeeper for a lumber merchant at Boston, has been arrested in Montreal, charged with the embezzlement of several thousand dollars from his employer.

Before the Queen's Bench in Montreal August Moore, convicted of shooting a fellow workman named Bastien with intent to kill, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

The Toronto tailor's strike is settled. The employees refused to arbitrate on the matter as suggested by the tailors, and it was decided to grant the strikers' demand for the present.

The body of James C. Purdie, the Englishman lost near Boissevain, Man., during the recent blizzard, was found last night. Deceased had wandered aimlessly about in the storm and finally lain down on the open prairie.

A criminal named John Davis, alias Mack, who was liberated from the Central prison at Toronto after having served a six months' term, was immediately rearrested, charged with being an escaped convict from Michigan.

Jesse Joseph, for many years president of the Montreal Street Railway, has resigned, other matters than the railway demanding his attention. In financial circles, James Ross is mentioned as likely to be Joseph's successor.

Hon. Alex Mackenzie's condition continues to improve. He is quite conscious and rests quietly. His mental faculties are brighter than they have been for some days past. He takes nourishment well and shows considerable strength.

A deputation of gentlemen interested in the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western Railway waited upon the Ontario Government, and presented the claims of the railway for further financial aid. Serious consideration was promised.

Rev. Dr. Cook, formerly pastor of St. Andrew's church, Quebec, and for over half a century a prominent figure in Canadian history, especially in connection with the church temporalities dispute, is dead aged 87. He was principal of Morin college.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau is much more seriously ill than those outside the minister's immediate circle have been aware of. His life was despaired of at one time on Wednesday night, and the doctor was about to send for a clergyman to administer the last rites of the church when the minister rallied. It is now believed the worst is over.

The general showers in Manitoba for the past week have taken the snow off rapidly and caused a sudden rise of the rivers. Some fears are expressed in Winnipeg that there will be a flood similar to 1882. The Red river is higher than any time last season and is still rising. High water up the river caused the delay of incoming trains on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads.

The Trappist monastery at Oka has been raised to the position of an abbey, making it the first institution of the kind ever established in Canada. The election of a new abbot and other proceedings were conducted according to the regular form of marks and rules established by St. Benedict, Rev. Father Jean Marie, a mitred abbot of Belfontaine, France, and Prior General of the Trappist order presiding.

The Montreal Star cable from London says, "Michael Davitt's article in the Nineteenth century, warmly praising the Northwest, is attracting much attention. He urges the Imperial Government to lend a million pounds, at a low interest, to the Dominion and Provincial Governments to settle 100,000 select colonists, who are now driven to British cities from the rural districts.

Since January 1, 5693 immigrants have arrived in Winnipeg, compared with 3370 for the same period last year. The officials of the Dominion and Provincial Governments, and the Canadian Pacific Railway, feel confident that the arrivals of the next quarter will greatly exceed these figures. The settlers for this season have brought in 600 carloads of livestock and effects valued at $1,000,000, as against 280 carloads for the same period last season. Three hundred Englishmen arrived yesterday.

The skeleton of a man, supposed to be H. Watson, a Duluth explorer, was found in an old abandoned lumber camp near Witch Point, White Fish Bay, about 70 miles from Rat Portage. There was a knapsack found in the camp with him, in which were letters from George H. Eastman and Dr. Eastman, of Minneapolis, to H. Watson, Duluth. The contents of the letters would indicate that he was prospecting for those parties. Some rich specimens of gold, native copper and iron were in the knapsack.

A Halifax evening paper says S. M. Brockfield has been in the upper provinces holding consultations with the largest firms in Canada bearing on the shipments of cattle from Canada to England, and has returned. As a result of these talks it is expected that Halifax will be made the shipping port of all the cattle from Canada for the English market, both summer and winter. Propositions from cattle dealers, as the result of Mr. Brockfield's visit, will be laid before the city council at an early date for consideration.

The following is Bradstreet's report: In the Dominion (Newfoundland included) there has been a net decrease of only seven failures, as contrasted with the first quarter of 1891, but the total liabilities have fallen away fully 4.7 per cent. Decreases are noticeable in Quebec and Ontario; but in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia (with higher averages of indebtedness) the failures were nearly doubled, while the liabilities nearly doubled in the former and quadrupled in the latter. In Manitoba also, although the failures did not increase, th liabilities gained 165 per cent. British Columbia had 18 failures against only 7 in the three months of 1891, and the total liabilities jumped from $7050 to $105,000 in the last three months.

The Nicaragua Canal.

NEW YORK, April 1.—H. M. Flagler, John W. Mackay, Austin Corbin and Andrew Carnegie have gone into the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company, and it is understood they are to be represented on the board of directors, an early change in which is expected. Carnegie bought a large block of the company's stock before going to the Pacific slope. Mr. Mackay followed suit shortly afterwards. Warner Miller, president of the Company, speaking on the subject, said it was a fact that the gentlemen mentioned had entered the company, and that it would increase the confidence of the people in the undertaking. Mr. Miller said his position was not changed with regard to Government control of the canal. He is not soliciting the Government to guarantee the bonds and assume the direction of the enterprise. His purpose is to go ahead and build the great canal by private capital.

Royal Betrothal.

LONDON, April 1.—It is semi-officially announced that Prince Ferdinand of Hohenzollern Sigmarwigen, heir to the throne of Roumania, and the Princess Marie of Edinburg, are betrothed, and that the celebration of the event will be observed in Coburg on Easter. The match has the approval of King Charles of Roumania, the Emperor William and Queen Victoria, but is opposed by the Czar, who is jealous of the growing influence of Germany and England in the Balkan, and was anxious that the Crown Prince should not marry an English or German princess.

In Time of Peace, Etc.

BUDA PESTH, April 1.—There was a significant scene, to-day, in the Lower House of the Hungarian Reichstag. Dr. A. Wekerle, Minister of Finance, said, that, owing to the present state of European affairs a reduction in the expenditure of the army was impossible. The country must be prepared for an additional, though gradual, increase in the army expenditures in view of the the growing armaments of foreign powers. The representatives applauded loudly and passed the budget as recommended.

The British General Elections.

LONDON, April 1.—An answer given by Right Hon. Mr. Balfour to Mr. Gladstone in the House to-day indicates an intention on the part of the Government to defer the general elections for several months, pending the discussion on the estimates. Mr. Gladstone said he thought something ought to be known about the period of the election. Mr. Balfour replied that he could not fix a date, but added it was not desirable that the election should occur on the existing old and nearly exhausted register.

The Railway Magnates.

EL PASO, Tex., April 1.—C. P. Huntington and party arrived yesterday. Gould met Huntington and both were closeted for an hour in Gould's private car. After conferring for a short time a notary public arrived, and it is said Huntington signed and swore to a document, the purport of which is not yet divulged. The Huntington party left for San Francisco last night. He is expected to return on Sunday. Gould, it is announced, will stay here 10 days more.

Incendiary Fires in Germany.

BERLIN, April 1.—An alarming series of fires, supposed to be of incendiary origin, have occurred in the Cassel district of late. Four new mills and eight houses have been destroyed at Kragenkof; 14 houses at Brandersen; 10 at Grossenbach and 14 at Heinfeld. Several persons are missing and are supposed to have perished in the flames, and many cattle have been burned.

The Fire in Mandalay.

RANGOON, April 2.—The Mandalay fire broke out at 9 o'clock on Wednesday. The whole city is destroyed from China street to Obo, a distance of 2½ miles. The central telegraph station, built at a cost of 29,000 rupees, was destroyed. The other government buildings and the barracks escaped. There was no loss of life. Many thousands are homeless. Extensive relief works will be necessary.

Cuba's Sugar Product.

HAVANA, April 2.—A statement made by a prominent gentleman from this city shows that up to the 29th ult., the sugar exported this year from all Cuban ports amounted to 1,128,170 bags and 2514 kogsheads, in weight 179,109 tons, against 109,630 tons for the corresponding period last year. Stocks amounted to 31,215 bags and 3477 hogsheads, aggregating 124,481 tons, against 121,153 tons last year.

Lives Lost at Sea.

LONDON, April 1.—It is reported that 10 lives have been lost through the wreck of the Norwegian steamer Louise, bound for the Lofodden Islands, near the famous Maelstrom. The captain, first officer and chief engineer went down with the vessel. The survivors have reached Bergen.

The Royal Palaces.

LONDON, April 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Henry Labouchere moved that the vote of $27,850 for the maintenance of the royal palaces be reduced by $17,925. The motion was rejected, after a discussion, by a vote of 232 to 92.

Pozzoni's Complexion Powder produces a soft and beautiful skin: it combines every element of beauty and purity.

Great Britain and the Jews.

LONDON, April 2.—J. W. Lowther, advocate of the restriction of emigration, asked in the House of Commons yesterday, in view of information from the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, that an exodus of Russians who are destitute was shortly to be expected, if the Government would introduce a bill prohibiting the admission into the United Kingdom of all persons likely to become paupers or to increase the competition of labor. Mr. Balfour answered that the Government considered that nothing had yet occurred to justify such a bill. In his reply Mr. Balfour said: We have reason to doubt that the United States will be closed against the Jews. We are making inquiries in the matter As has been stated, Austria and Germany have closed their fronters against these emigrants, and the length of the voyage rendered necessary by this action will make it difficult for them to come to the United Kingdom. The Government fully appreciates the gravity of the situation and is watching the matter carefully. We feel that such an invasion as was feared in 1891 would be an intolerable abuse of the existing system of immigration.

VELOCITY OF METEORS.

It has been demonstrated that while the greatest velocity imparted to a cannon ball scarcely exceeds 600 meters a second—about 1,500 miles an hour; meteors from space penetrate the air with a velocity, it is claimed, of 40,000, sometimes 60,000 meters per second. This tremendous speed raises the temperature of the air at once to 4,000 or 6,000 degrees centigrade, causing in many cases a complete destruction of the meteorite by combustion.

Within the last two years it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of all sensible people, that Harvard Bronchial Syrup has attained a fame and reputation never accorded to any other cough remedy. Its work in all cases has been swift and sure; and the speed with which its good name has flown, is truly marvellous.

Harvard Bronchial Syrup has become the family cough remedy in all well-regulated Canadian homes. Owing to the great purity of its composition, it can safely be left where the young can use it when required. It contains no poisonous ingredients, and does not like other cough preparations nauseate or sicken.

During this season of the year, no home is safe without a bottle of this wonderful syrup, which should be taken at once when the first symptoms are felt. Our most prominent doctors prescribe it, knowing that it never fails.

The New Germania.

The new Germania, in the basement corner Government and Johnson Sts., has free lunch, imported and domestic cigars. Come and try them. *

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Several new patterns of room mouldings just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an INFANTS' FOOD. Ask your grocer for it.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, APRIL 4 AND 5

PROF. S. S. BALDWIN'S

Butterfly Co.

THE FUNNIEST SHOW ON EARTH.

Each artist is absolutely the best in his or her line. No company in Europe is to-day giving so novel an entertainment, while the experiments in

HYPNOTIC SOMNAMBUMANCY

Are not given by any other people on earth and are presented only by

MRS. KITTIE BALDWIN

And have been witnessed by more than one thousand prominent clergymen.

These experiments are of the most absorbing interest and fairly astound the skeptical. People in the audience merely think of any question to which they require an answer. These questions are kept entirely to themselves and not mentioned to the performers in any way. The Clairvoyante, while in the hypnotic-trance state, correctly answers these secret queries, and then states the question itself, which is known only to the person desiring the reply. The Clairvoyante tells of past, present and future events; deaths, murders, robberies, fires, weddings; of lost and stolen goods. She tells the residences of absent people, and if they are alive or dead, and gives such accurate descriptions that all are hushed into dumb bewilderment. Prof. Baldwin has exhibited these marvelous experiments before Her Majesty the Queen, the Prince of Wales and the Royal Family.

Admission 50c., 75c. and $1. Reserved seats at Jamieson's bookstore. mh31-5t

IMPERIAL THEATRE.

MALLANDAINE & BURNER, PROPRIETORS
GEO. BERRY, MANAGER.

SUCCESS! SUCCESS!! SUCCESS!!!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

"THE SHAUGHRAUN"

A romantic Irish drama in three acts, by Dion Boucicault, with correct costumes and stage settings. Special feature—St Bridget's Abbey by Moonlight.

TO THE PUBLIC:—I wish it known that I have taken the management of this cosy little Theatre; that I have complete control; that everything will be carried on in a business-like way. Every production will be exactly as I advertise. I shall always endeavor to please the Public, whose servant I am, and humbly ask its patronage. GEO. BERRY.

POPULAR PRICES—25c., 35c., 50c. Remember the PRESENT given away at our Saturday Matinee. Prices—25c. and 35c.; Children 15c.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW-WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early the present year, has already become a favorite f ol domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the mc economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnagefs loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

YOU'LL BE SORRY!!

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINORS. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINORS 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $650.
19.—160 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 50 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—130 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $100 and $300 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1900, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 E. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74, Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms

SNAPS:

4.—For rent or sale, superior-built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 30x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $30 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

FARM TO LET.

Rosebank Farm, North Saanich

Containing 300 acres, of which 130 (more or less) are under cultivation, fine Orchard, Dwelling, Barns and other outbuildings. Immediate possession.

RENT $600 PER ANNUM.

APPLY TO

Lowenberg, Harris & Co.
mh2-1m

Argyle House

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Staple Stock Now Complete.

Lace Curtains, taped and scalloped, from 50c a pair.

White Honeycomb Quilts, 95c each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, full size, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.50 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, large size, $1.50 and $2 each.

White Honeycomb Quilts, extra large, extra heavy, $2.50 each.

Marsailles Quilts in all sizes at various prices.

DRESS GOODS.

All Wool French Debeiges, 40 inches wide, 45c per yard.

French Cashmeres, full assortment of colors, 46 in. wide, 65c per yard.

French Estamene Serges, all wool, 40 inches wide, 50c per yard.

SPECIAL VALUE.

All Wool Serges, in black and colors, 25c per yard.

J. Horner & Co.

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

24f

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.

The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.

We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

27 FORT ST.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY.
m29-1f 55 Third street, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Make your gardens and houses really

CHARMING!

Buy and plant at once

JAPAN LILY BULBS

Dwarf Shrubs, Chestnut, Persimmon, Cherry Trees and

DOUBLE TREE PÆONIES

Just imported in fine condition, by

T. S. FUTCHER,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE:

The Fast Trotting Horse

"SILVERTAIL"

Record 2:21¼, got in a race on the Prairie Park track, Winnipeg, against such good horses as "Sharper" 2:19¼, "Sleepy Jim" and "Idaho." Since then he has been used as a driver. Has shown trials in 2:23 on mile track; can trot a half-mile track with six weeks' handling in 2:26 or better.

The owner will sell cheap as he is retiring from the trotting horse business. For particulars apply to R. F. TOLMIE,
mh7-1m 16 Trounce avenue, Victoria, B.C.

MUNICIPAL.

Dog Tax for Year 1892

THE OWNERS OF ALL DOGS within the limits of the city of Victoria are requested to call at my office and pay the Tax on same.

Dogs for which the Tax has not been paid, on and after this date will be impounded according to the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.

City Treasurer and Collector's office,
City Hall, Victoria, B.C., March 8th, 1892.

"THE GLOBE"

Oyster and Chop House

42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

CHICKEN FENCING.

WOVEN LATH AND WIRE.

Four feet high and only 13 cents per yard.

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

Corner Government and Johnson Sts.
mh9-1m

BELYEA & GREGORY,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

OFFICE:

White House Block, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. BOX 683.

CURTAINS CLEANED.

NO MORE RAGGED CURTAINS. Have your lace curtains cleaned equal to new by French system. Reasonable rates, according to size. Those wishing curtains called for, please send postal to MRS. McLEAN,
mh31-1m No. 23 Rithet St.

NEWBIGGING & ANDERSON,

B.C. NOVELTY WORKS

105 DOUGLAS STREET.

Sewing Machines, Lawn Mowers, Bicycles, and light machinery of all kinds repaired. Stamps and Dies made to order. All work guaranteed. Estimates given on models.
mh14-1m

JOSEPH SEARS

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.

14 YATES STREET

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (4 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au13-tf

MESSRS. W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS — Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria, B.C.

Tender their thanks to the Ladies of Victoria and neighborhood for their liberal patronage during the past year, and beg to announce the arrival of their very large purchases for the Spring and Summer trade. These goods have been purchased with great care, in the very best European and American Markets, and as our room is very limited they have been marked at extremely low prices, to ensure a clearance during the season. We invite your inspection of our stock, which will be found well selected and in great variety.

STAPLES.

Good variety and values in Sheetings, Cottons, Honeycomb and Marseilles Quilts and Toilet Covers. Towels, all sorts and prices. Good selection of Lancashire, Welsh and Shetland Flannels, etc., etc., etc. Lace Curtains, Art Muslins, Canton Draperies, Cretonnes, plain and reversible. Big selections in these goods.

Prints, French Percales, Galatea Stripes, Oxford Shirtings, Muslins in check, stripe, spots, etc., etc. These are all English and Scotch goods especially selected for this trade.

JACKETS AND MANTLES.

Our buyer has excelled himself this season. A good assortment in Capes, Jackets, Cloaks, Rain and Dust Cloaks, for Misses and Ladies (especial attention has been paid to S.S.W. and E. & O.S.) These goods are of the Very Newest Styles, both in design and material, imported by ourselves and selected by OUR OWN BUYER at the factories, consequently they will be right in values.

ROBES AND DRESSES for Babies' and Children's wear. This department is very complete.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

This department is replete with the newest things in Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, comprising Henriettas, Serges, Stanley Cloths, Tweeds, etc. Some beautiful effects in Costumes (no two alike), and Challies, etc. A big range of Plain and Fancy Black and Grey Dress Goods, suitable for mourning.

Large assortment of Dress and Trimming Silks, in black and colors. Also the latest designs in Cord and Braid Trimmings.

First-class Dress and Mantle Making on the Premises.

LACES.

in Black and Cream, a very large stock comprising Flouncings, Demi-Flouncings, Edgings, etc., etc. Some pretty things among them, our own importing, direct from France.

Ladies' and Misses' Underwear

Full range, both sizes and prices. Large assortment of Blouses in Cotton, Wool and Silk.

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, all sorts and sizes. Ribbons, Chiffons, and newest designs in Veilings—large assortment.

HOSIERY

is a strong point with us this season. Two Hundred Dozen to select from, including Cotton, Cashmere, Lisle Thread, Silk, Plain and Fancy. Our 25c. STAINLESS BLACK COTTON and 50c. STAINLESS BLACK CASHMERE cannot be beaten in the Province, and we believe not in the Dominion.

GLOVES

in Kid, Lisle, Silk, etc., etc Over 200 Dozen. Our

STANLEY 4-BUTTON, $1.00
GASCOYGNE 5-HOOK LACING, $1.00
BRETAGNE 7-HOOK LACING, $1.25
Reduced from $1.50.
FERNAND JOSEPHINE 4-SNAP, $1.25
Reduced from $1.50.

The above are fully 20 per cent. cheaper than anything we have ever offered in the Province. Also a full line of Undressed Kid and Gauntlet Gloves in Kid and Lisle Thread.

Do not pass us because of our SMALL STORE, as our Stock is all we describe it to be. Come in and see our Stock, for we consider it No Trouble to Show Goods. Note the address:

THE STANLEY HOUSE — THE CASH DRY GOODS STORE — **Cor. Broad & Yates Sts.**

WM. S. HAMPSON & CO.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Sacred Concert—Men Out of Work—Customs Returns.

NANAIMO, April 2.—A sacred concert is being arranged to take place in St. Paul's Church on Easter Sunday afternoon. It is now about twelve months since a like concert was given, and it is therefore expected the church will be filled on this occasion. The choir has been hard at practice for the event, and under the instructions of Mr. Evans they have made a wonderful improvement. A number of the most talented ladies will also assist on this occasion.

The customs returns for the port of Nanaimo ending March 31st, were as follows:—

Import duty	$5,944 68
Sick mariners' dues	172 18
Miscellaneous	52 32
Total	$6,219 18

VALUE OF IMPORTS.

Goods imported free	$ 1,362
Goods dutiable	22,046
Direct imports	103
Ex-warehouse for removal	22
" " export	308
Total	$23,831

It is stated the New V. C. Co. intend putting on an extra number of hands on Monday. Although there are plenty of idle men here, still there are daily arrivals of miners from other points, who on arriving here find they have jumped from the frying-pan into the fire. Mayor Haslam has reduced his staff temporarily, but expects to employ them again next month.

A new order of Oddfellows will be inaugurated in this city this evening and will be a branch lodge of the great Manchester order. Many have signified their intention to join.

SCOTCH CROFTERS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Kindly allow me space to say a few words in reference to Mr. Baker's uncalled attack on the Scotch crofters. It is true that the majority of the crofters are in poor circumstances, but to be poor is no disgrace. There was a time when the Highland crofters were in very comfortable circumstances. Not very long ago the Island of Skye alone sent over 1700 soldiers to the British army, ranking from a private to a general. The cause of their poverty was that they were removed from their comfortable holdings, and those who did not emigrate to other countries were placed on barren land which was incapable of supporting them, and in many cases they have no land at all, but have to depend wholly on the fishing. Now, Mr. Editor, I think you will agree with me that to charge those people, as Mr. Baker did, is as cowardly as it is false. I don't believe that there ever was a time when the inhabitants of the Highlands of Scotland were more intelligent than they are in the present day, and although in many cases they are as poor as poverty can make them, still it is not true that their hard lot has degraded them as a people. For the last few years the Scotch crofters were demanding a reduction of their rent and Parliament appointed a Royal Commission to inquire into their case, with the result that in many cases their rents were reduced 50 per cent, and in almost all cases Sheriff Brand (chairman of the commission) spoke about them in the highest terms. It appears to me that Mr. Baker must be of the same type as the notorious Dr. Samuel Johnson, who had the impudence to live on the hospitality of the Highland people and rewarded their generosity by representing them in such a way that makes every true Englishman that knows anything about the Highland character blush for his countryman.

ALEXANDER MACASKILL,
(One of the Scotch Crofters).

TELEGRAPHIC SIGNALS.

Amateur Operators Are Too Ready to Jump at Conclusions.

Persons familiar with the telegraph alphabetical characters can converse with one another at short range without the aid of telegraph instruments. One person can make the characters with the fingers, on the hand or arm of another, and carry on rapid conversation. Another way is to place the blade of a table knife between the tines of a fork and make the characters by moving the blade up and down. Still another way, but one requiring considerable practice to become proficient, is to make the characters by opening and closing the eyes. A gentleman and his wife, both having an expert knowledge of telegraphy, were at dinner in an up-town hotel; their son, a young man of about twenty, who flatters himself that he has mastered the art, joined them. As he sat down the mother looked admiringly at her boy, and with her eyes, in the way described, communicated to her husband the words: "Rather fine;" meaning, of course, that she was pleased with her son's personal appearance. Master Herbert's proficiency was not sufficient to enable him to catch the words, and he raised the point that conversing in that way in the presence of other people is as great a breach of etiquette as whispering; whereupon his mother said: "Why, I am perfectly willing you should know what I said;" and picking up knife and fork began to repeat the words. She only got as far as "r-a-t-" when the young man thought he knew what was coming, and shouted: "Rats!" Anticipating the words is a common fault with amateur telegraphers.—Providence Journal.

GUSTAVE BANNEWITZ, who saved Bismarck's life twenty-five years ago from the bullet of the would-be assassin, Blind, died recently in a small German town, where he lived in prosperity and in the enjoyment of many honors the grateful ex-chancellor had procured for him.

A CLOSE SHAVE.

Three British Lads Who Were Caught by the Tide.

Mr. F. H. Grundy, an Englishman, who afterwards had plenty of adventures at home and abroad, tells us how near he came to missing them all. He was a small boy, and, with his brother and another mate, was playing upon the seashore. They were on a sandbank, and knew that the incoming tide would fill the lower levels behind them before the bank itself would be covered.

We knew, but heeded not. We heard distant shouts, but did not turn. Between the ever rising water and the dam of sand the battle waged. Something startled us—we looked round—lo! a great sea shut us off from the main land!

A crowd upon the farther side was shouting at us. My two sisters stood at the water's edge, fast becoming desperate. A mounted man, far away, galloped furiously toward us over the sands.

My brother, with that presence of mind in danger which makes each Englishman a hero, started off at once by himself, and was soon far ahead. Tom Royle, my senior by three years, with the brave hot blood of a Welsh gentleman, dashed after him. I, with the sight of these gallant actions before me, cried and followed. I saw my brother, the water to his waist, cross safely.

Ton Royle jumped in with a run and disappeared; he had fallen, but was out again directly. I passed him meanwhile, and was in the water.

How far it looked to safety! The water rose to my neck—I swayed to and fro—but that I held on to my spade, I must have gone over.

Surely I am in the middle now—I cannot stand much longer or any deeper. I am lost! No! I see my jacket button. The horseman dashes up to me and stoops to lift me; I wave him on, saying: "I am safe; go to Tom!"

Another step or two and I am out. The horseman brought Tom Royle over, but it was a close thing.—Youth's Companion.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.
150 GOVERNMENT ST

CAPT. WILLIAM MOORE

MESSRS. LANGLEY & Co.
DEAR SIRS:—

I have great pleasure in giving you this testimonial for your Balsam of Aniseed, having used it for many years in my family, for coughs, colds, bronchitis. One or two bottles generally effecting a cure in bronchitis.

Yours truly,
WM. MOORE.

Victoria, Feb. 23rd, 1892.
fel7

THE RUDGE.

A marvel of beauty, strength, lightness and speed. The choice of Canadian wheelmen. See and believe. C. A. GODSON,
46½ Yates street. m21-1m Agent.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

MY NEW SPRING SHOES

★ ARE ★ HERE. ★

Ladies' Cloth Tops -:-:- St. Louis Toes
Bewitching Piccadillys
AND ALL THE SEASONS CHOICEST GOODS, FRESH FROM THE FACTORIES,
Cheap : : : AND : : : Pretty

AT A. B. ERSKINE'S

REAL ESTATE — MORTGAGES

IMPROVED FARM
One hundred and sixty acres, houses and barns, Shawnigan District. Only $1600; terms to suit.

A. W. MORE & CO.
70 DOUGLAS STREET.

Two hundred acres, good land, Alberni District, $2000; terms to suit.

INSURANCE — EXCHANGE

THE BEST INVESTMENT IN VICTORIA TO-DAY.

Nice Location.
Easy Terms.

Full particulars on application to
HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 GOVERNMENT ST.